

Mortality by cause in Moldova since 1965: assessing long-term trends and recent changes

Olga Penina*

France Meslé**

Jacques Vallin**

*ASM, Chisinau; **INED, Paris



«Демографические вызовы XXI века»

Семинар, ИДЕМ

Moscow, 22 April, 2010



Overview

The analysis of long-term trends is complicated by periodic revisions of classifications of causes of death. A method for reconstructing time series developed by *F.Meslé, J.Vallin* (INED) is a way to overcome this problem.

Previous experience: France, Poland, West Germany, Czech Republic, the USSR, Russia, Ukraine, the Baltic and Caucasian countries, Byelorussia

The work for Moldova is carried out in the framework of the international Project “European Convergence and Divergence in Causes of Deaths” (INED, MPIDR)

Major stages of the reconstruction work

	SC 1965	SC 1970	SC 1981	SC 1988	ICD-9	ICD-10
Stage 0	1965-1969	1970-1980	1981-1987	1988-1990	1991-1995	1996-2008
Stage 2	1965-1970					
Stage 3	1965-1981					
Stage 4	1965-1990					
Stage 5	1965-1995					
Stage 6	1965-2008					

A method of reconstruction including three basic steps:

1. Correspondence Tables
2. Fundamental Associations of Items
3. Transition Coefficients

The quality of death registration

- | Infant mortality under-registration in the 1960s and 1970s
- | Problem of “live-birth” definition
- | Old-age mortality
- | Ill-defined causes of death, including “Senility”



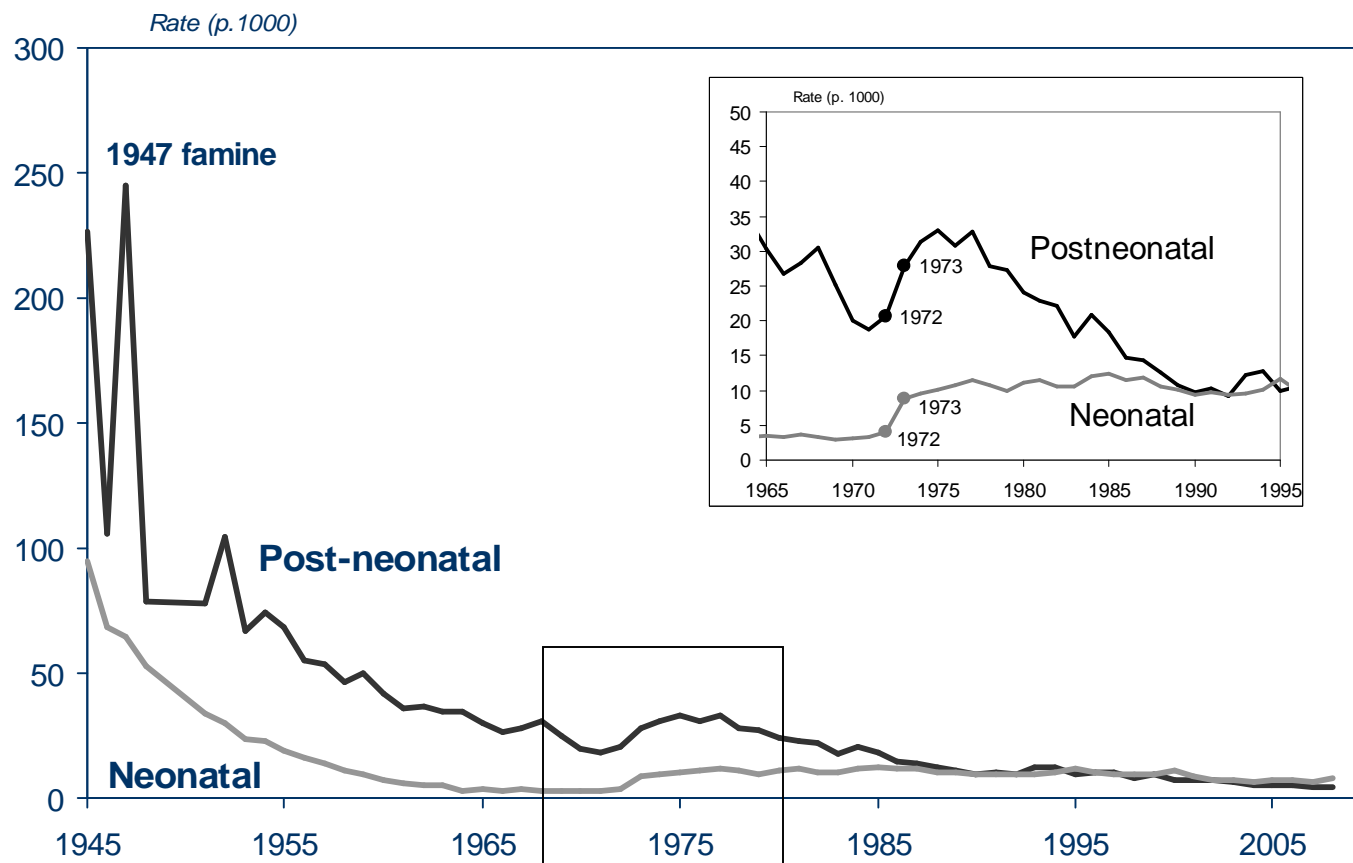
Outline

- | Infant mortality reassessment
- | Old-age mortality correction
- | Recent “Senility” peak
- | Evolution of mortality by causes of death since 1965 (preliminary results)

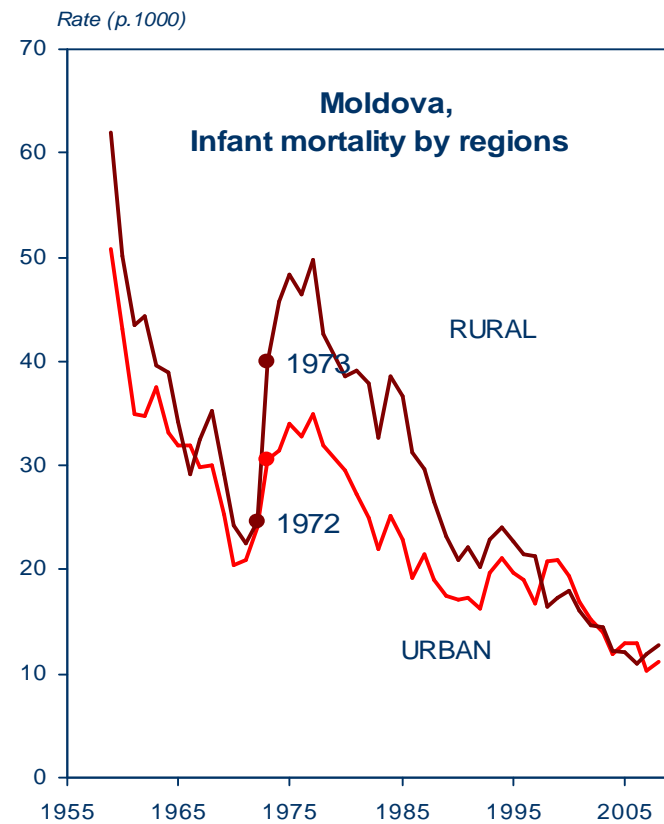
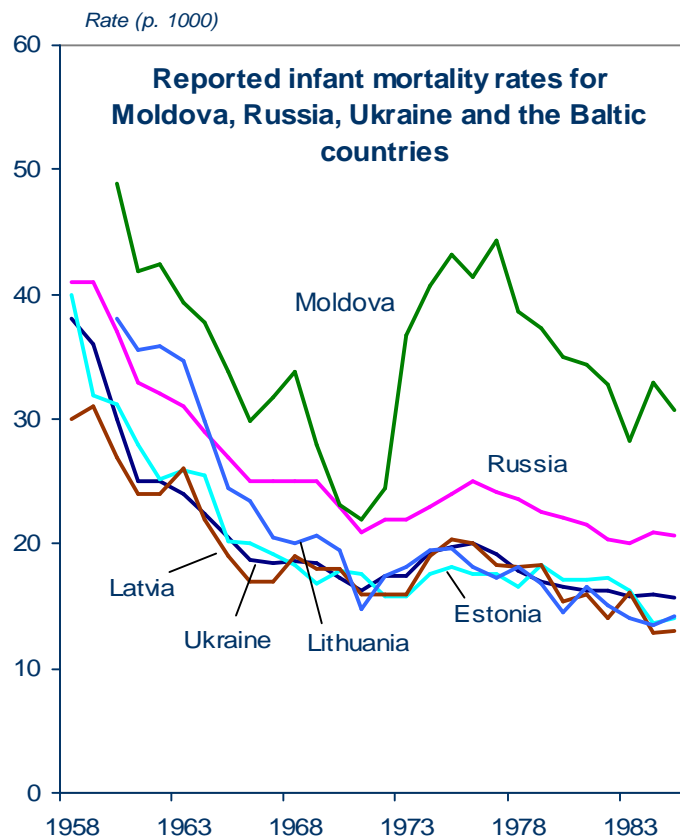


Reassessment of Infant Mortality in Moldova

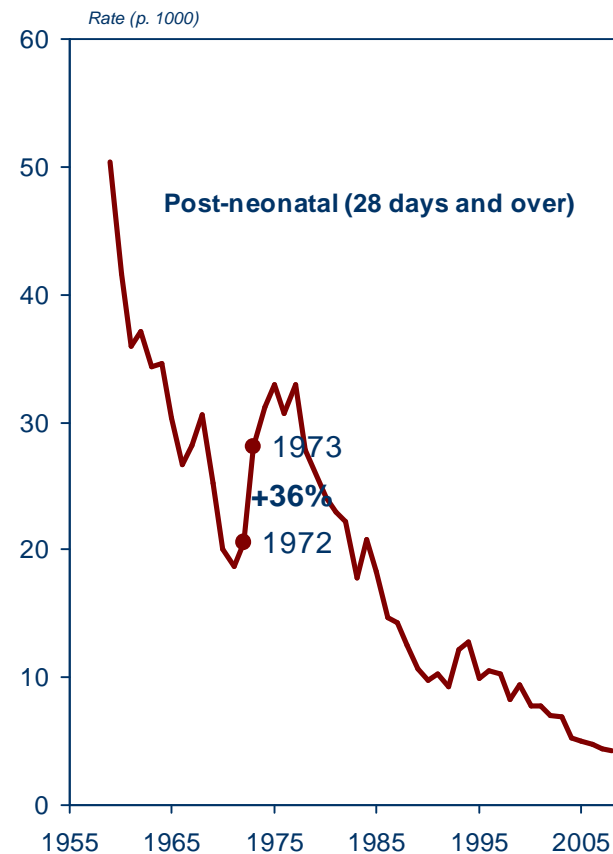
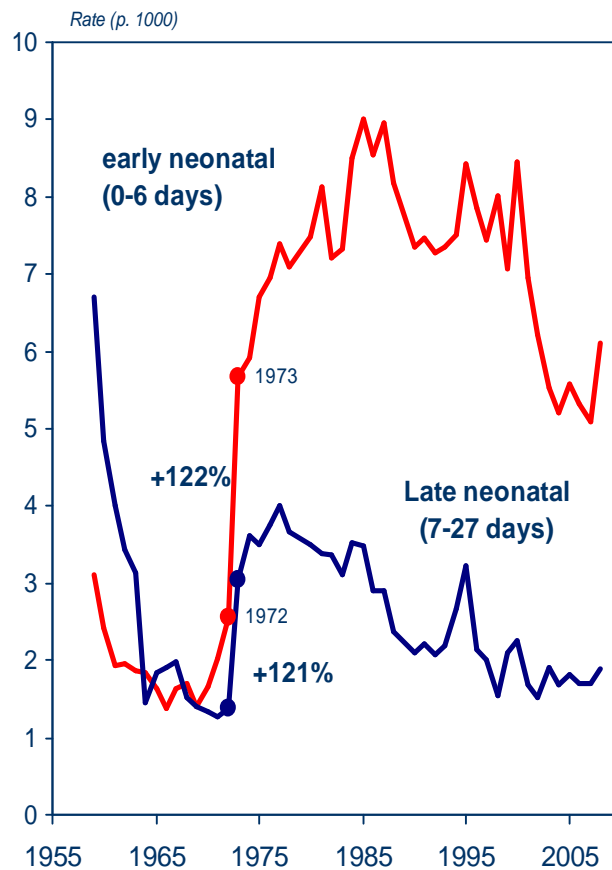
Evolution of neonatal and post-neonatal mortality in Moldova, 1945-2008



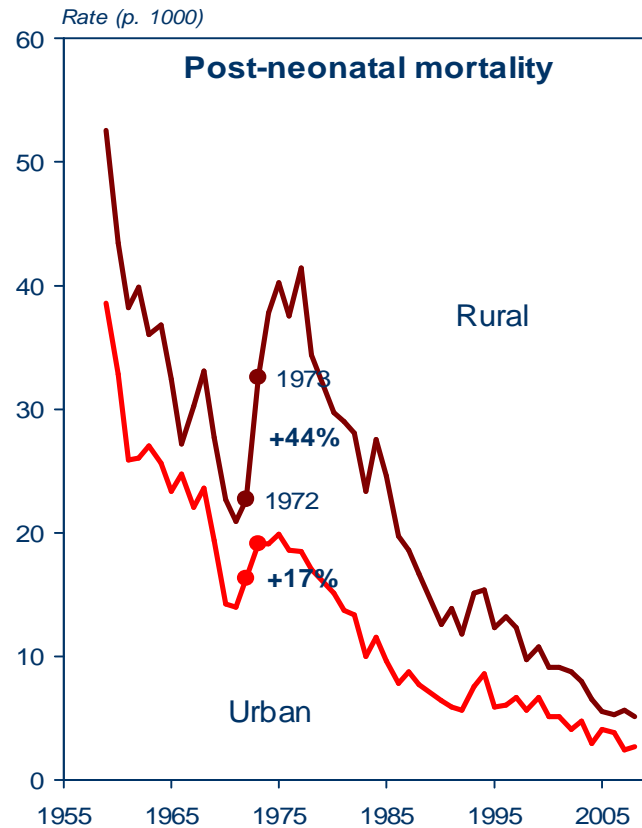
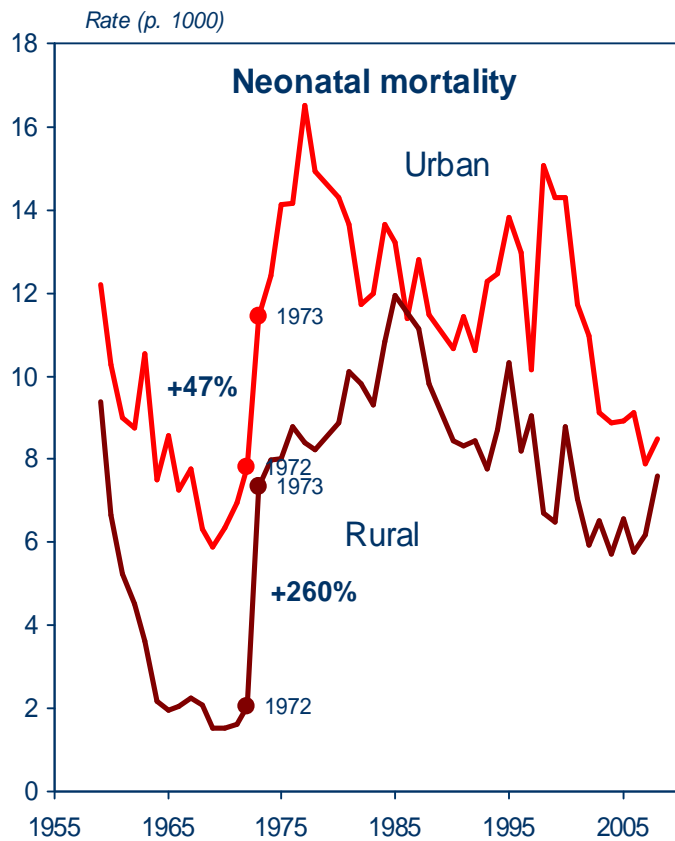
Under-registration of infant deaths before 1973



Reported early, late-neonatal and post-neonatal mortality rates, Moldova, 1959-2008



Reported neonatal and post-neonatal mortality rates by place of death, Moldova, 1959-2008



Two methods of infant mortality correction due to the under-registration before 1973

Absolute method

$$R'_i = R_i + (R_{1973} - R_{1972})$$

Relative method

$$R'_i = R_i \times \frac{R_{1973}}{R_{1972}}$$

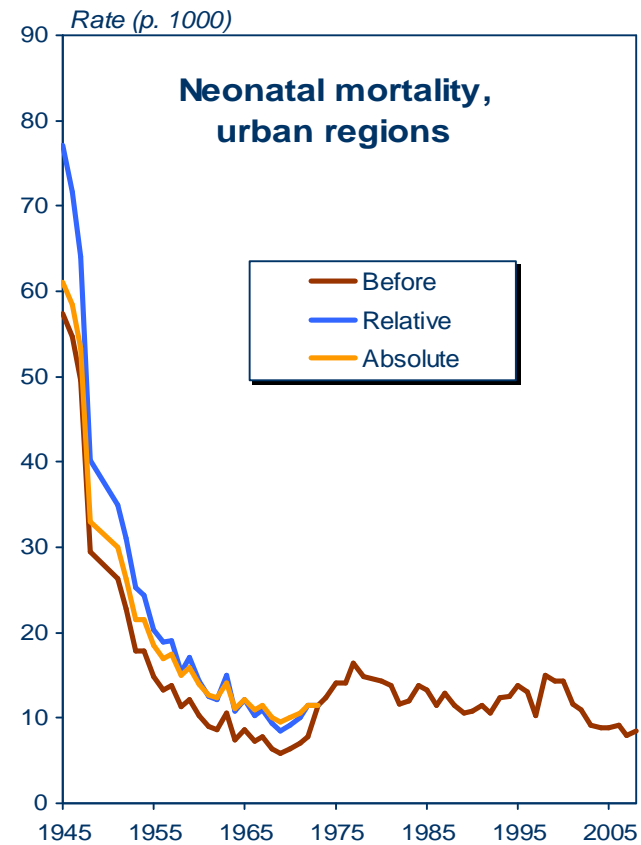
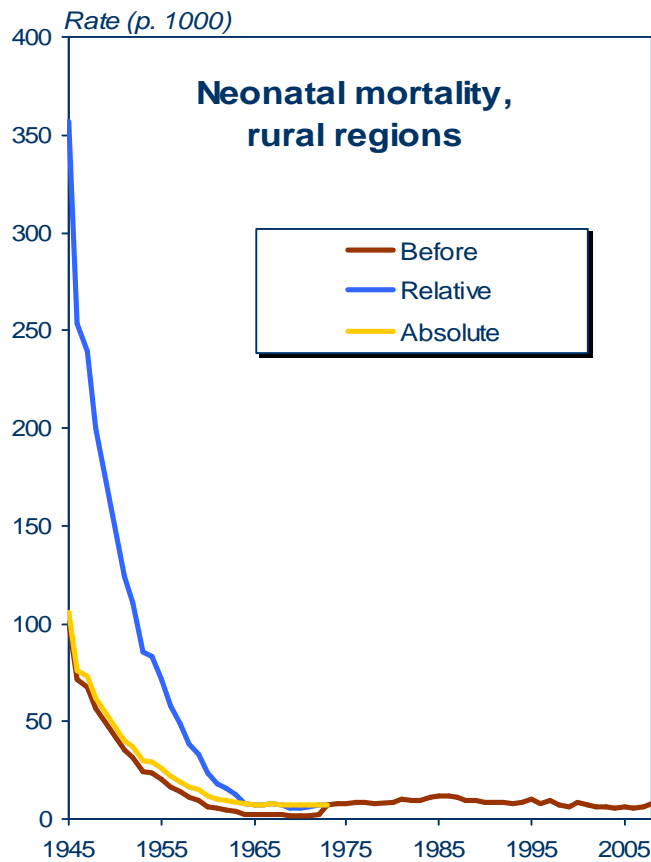
R_i ($R_{1945}, R_{1946} \dots R_{1972}$)

Registered infant mortality rates before 1973

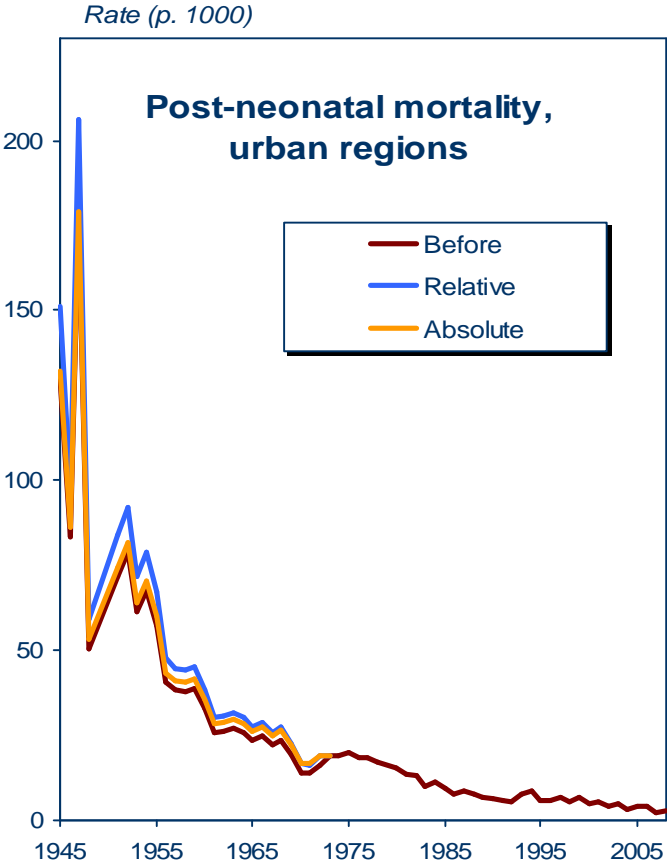
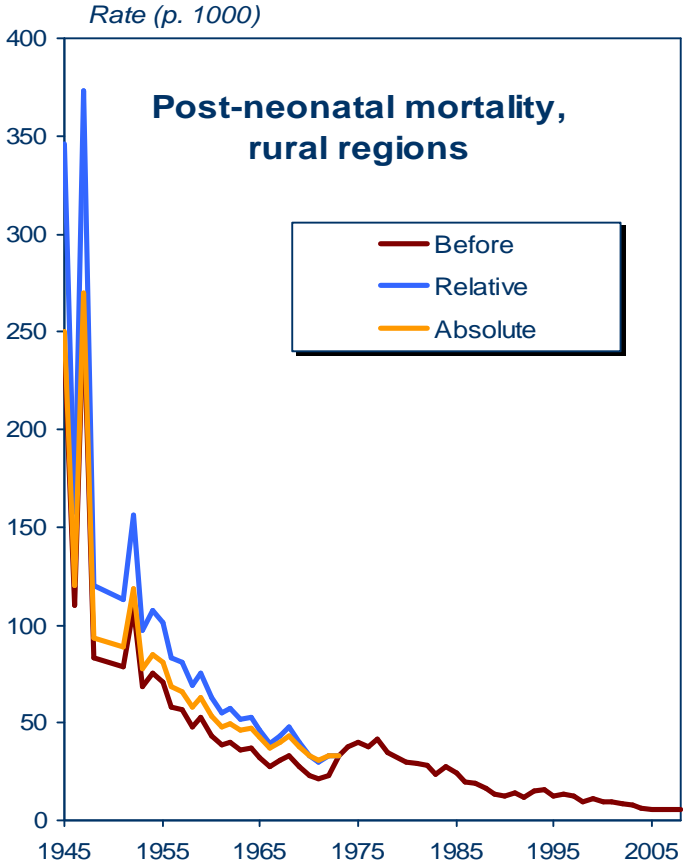
R'_i ($R'_{1945}, R'_{1946} \dots R'_{1972}$)

Corrected infant mortality rates before 1973

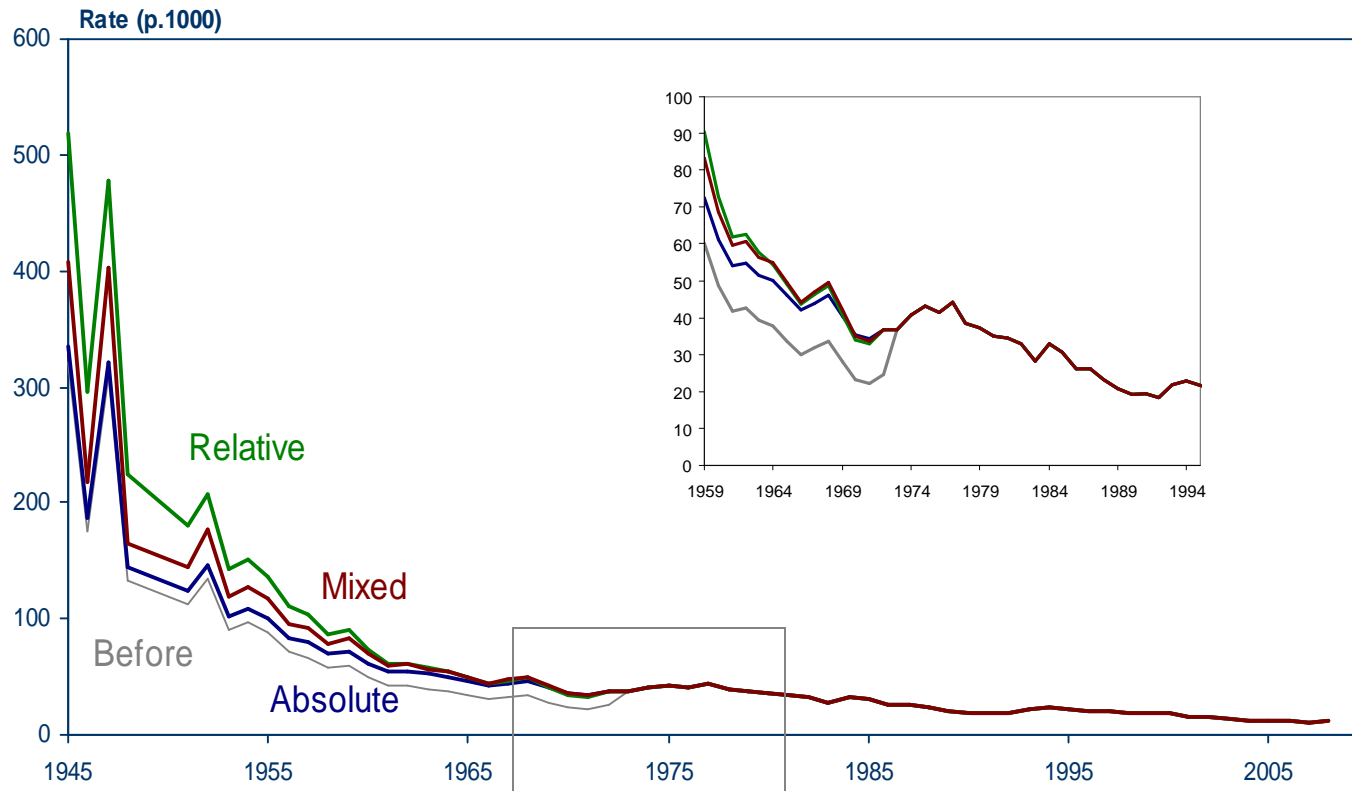
Relative and absolute methods of neonatal mortality correction for 1945-1972, Moldova, for urban and rural regions



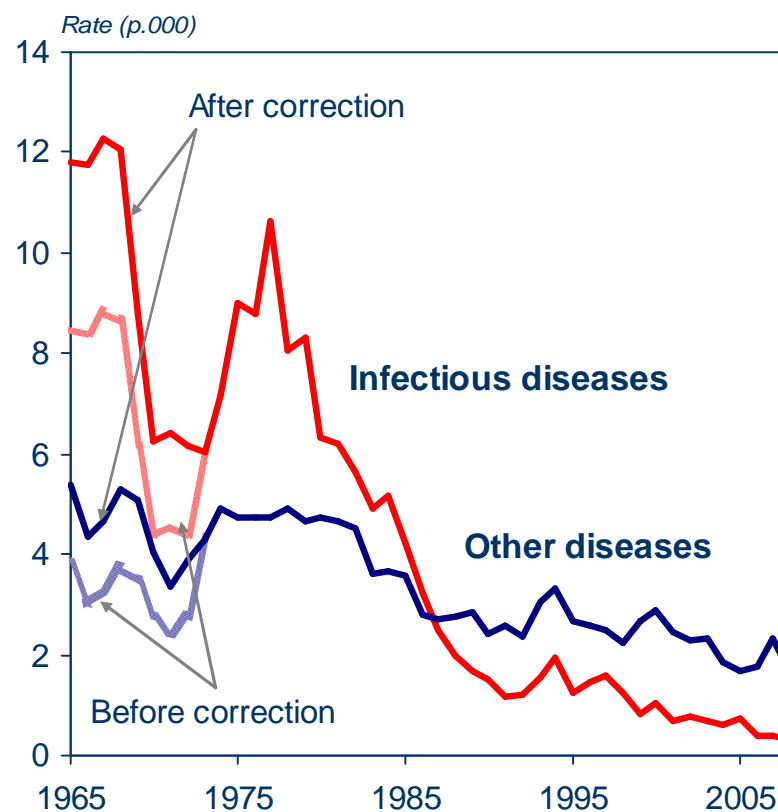
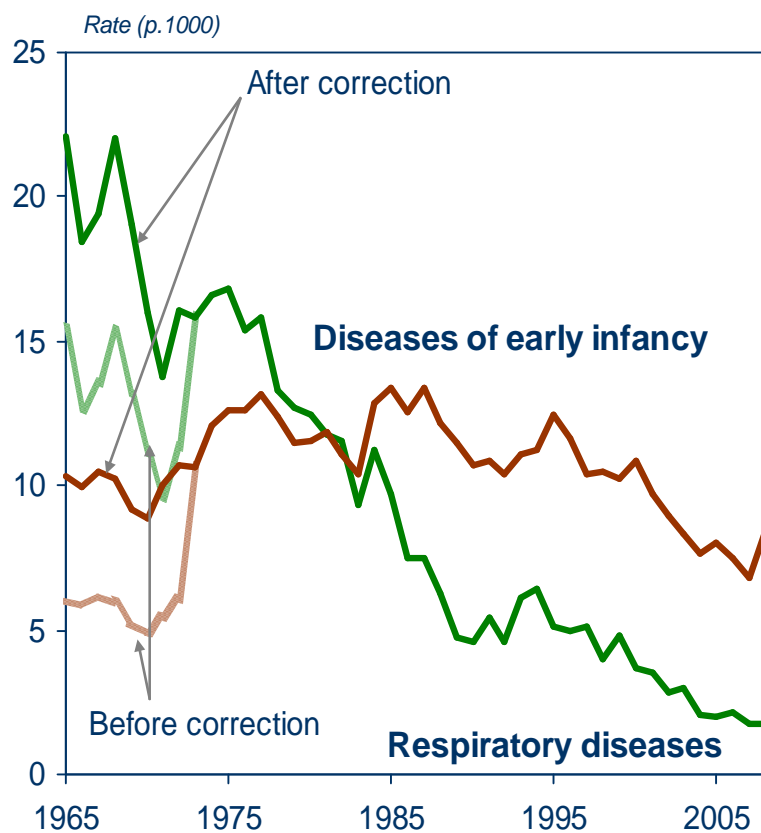
Relative and absolute methods of post-neonatal mortality correction for 1945-1972, Moldova, for urban and rural regions



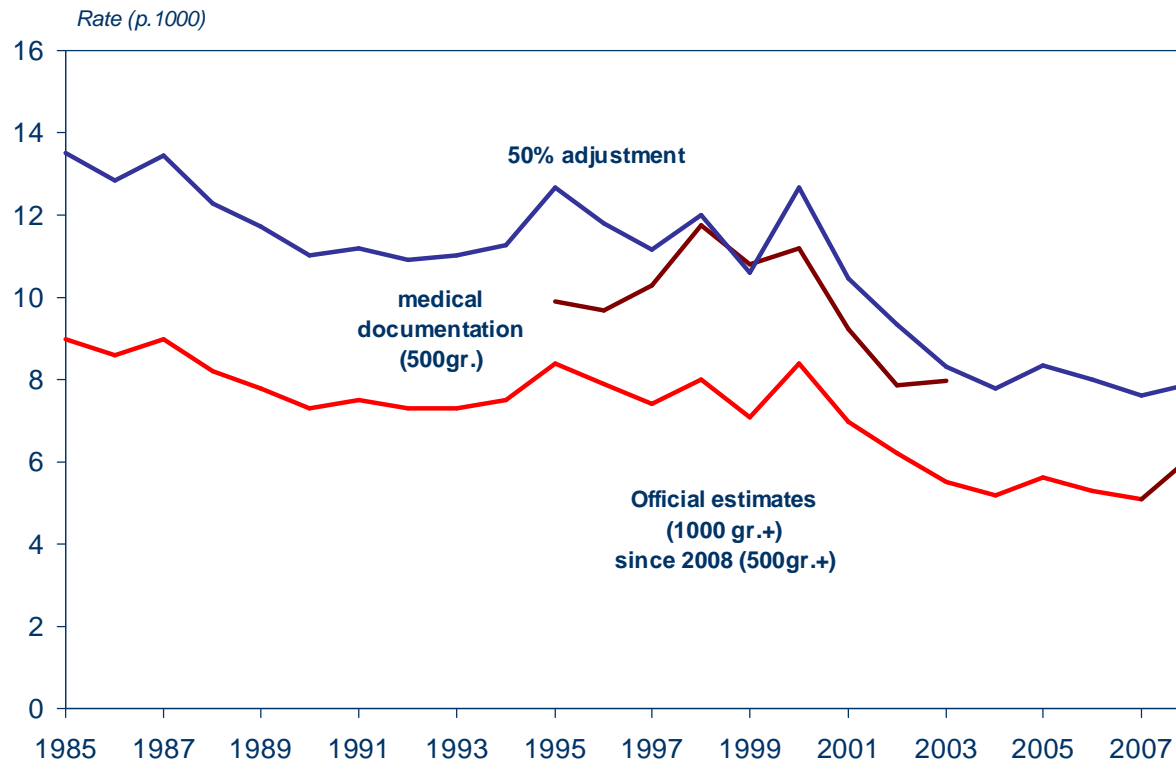
Relative, absolute and combined methods of infant mortality correction for 1945-1972, Moldova



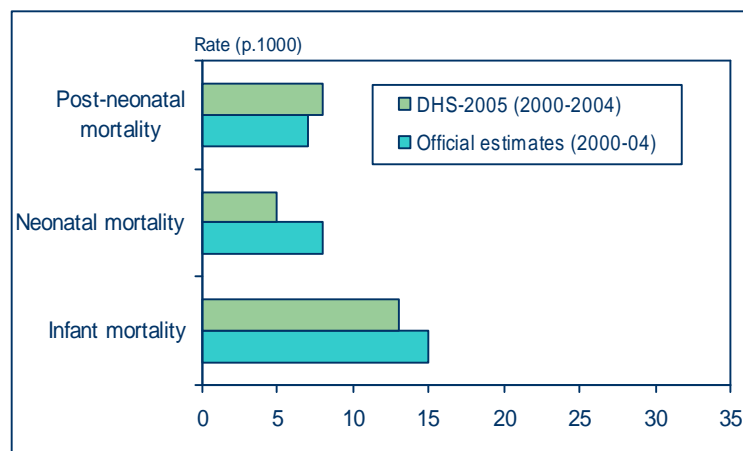
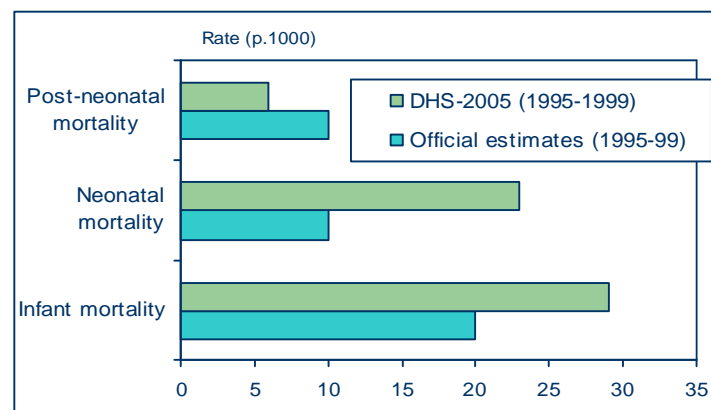
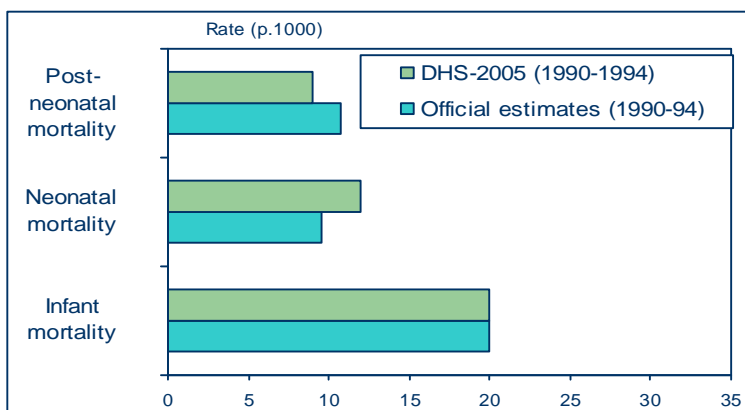
Trends in infant mortality rates by cause before and after correction, Moldova



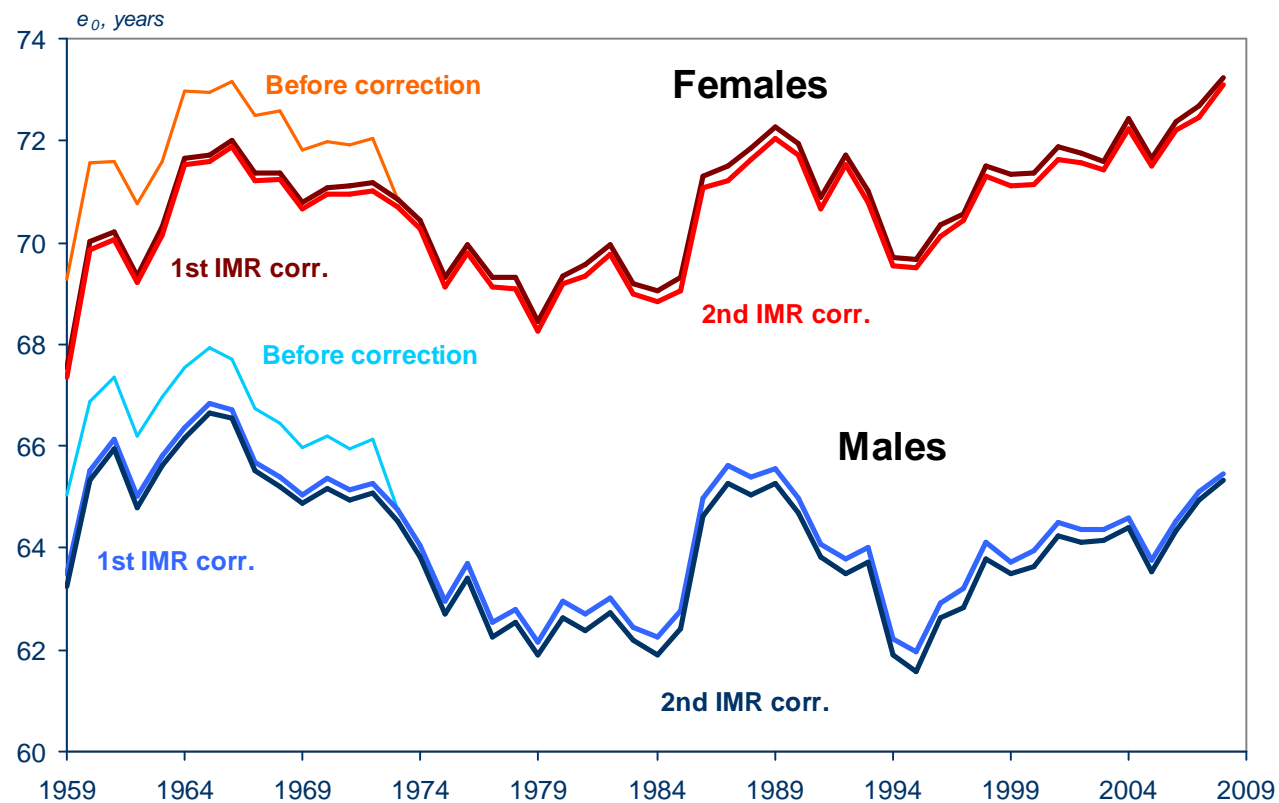
Trends in early neonatal mortality in Moldova, 1985-2008



Infant, neonatal and post-neonatal mortality rates according to official estimates and DHS-2005 in Moldova, 1990-2004



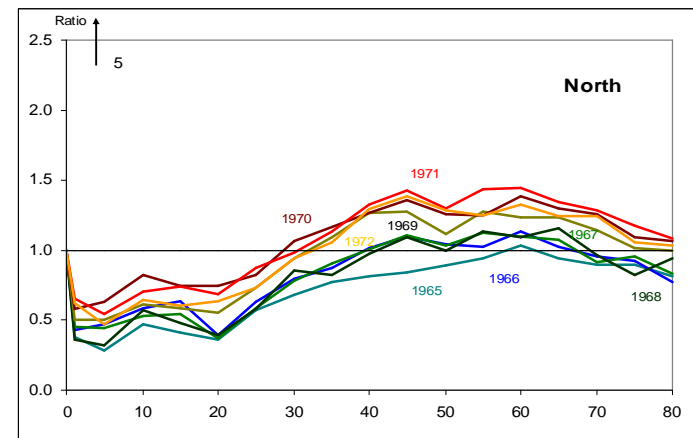
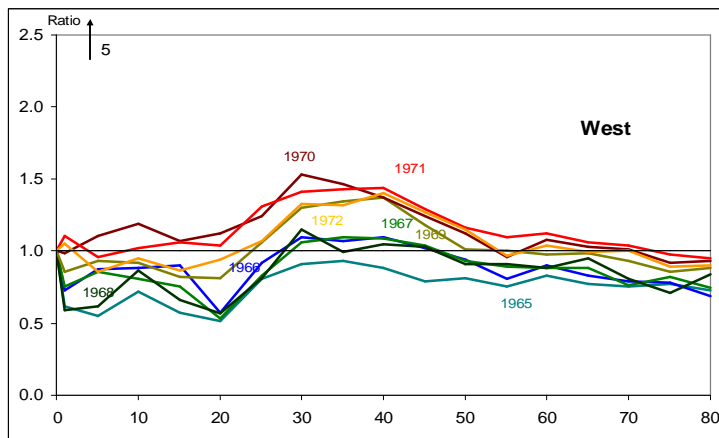
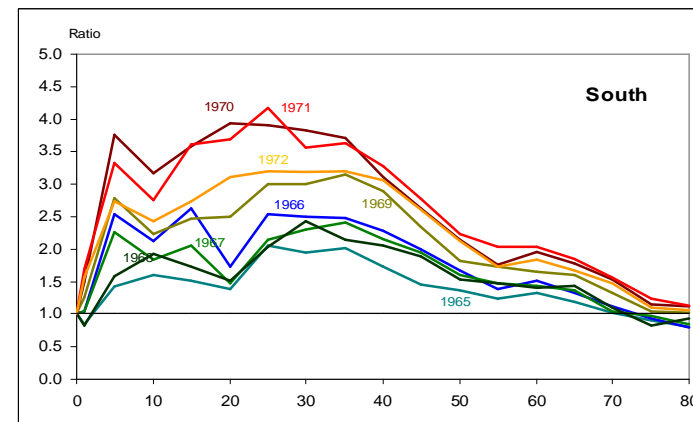
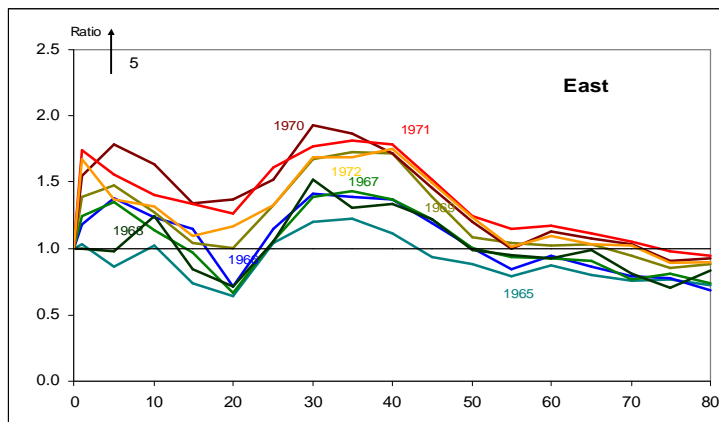
Corrected trends of life expectancy at birth after two infant mortality corrections



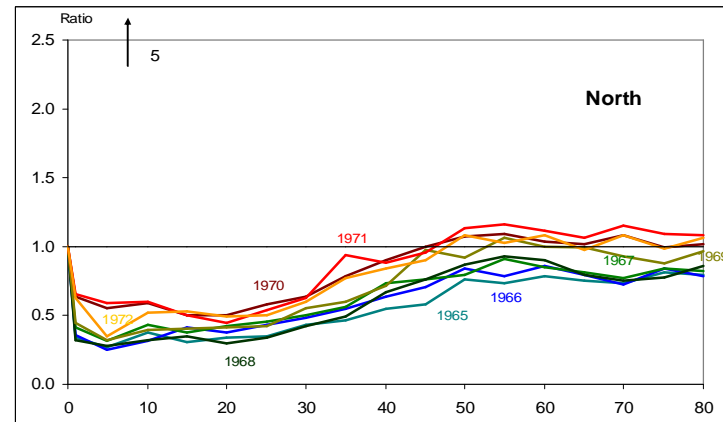
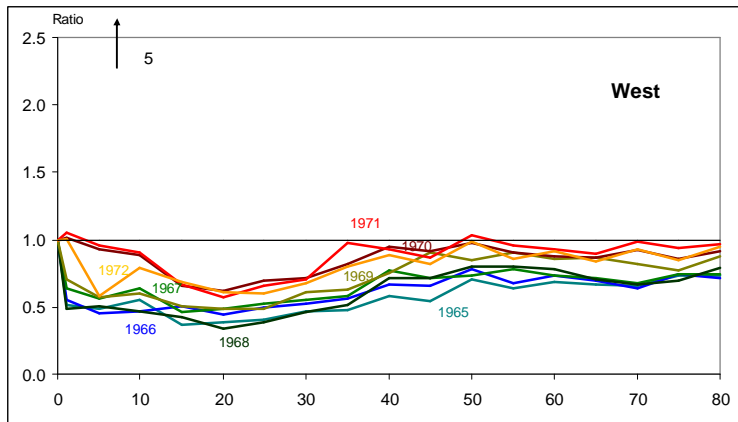
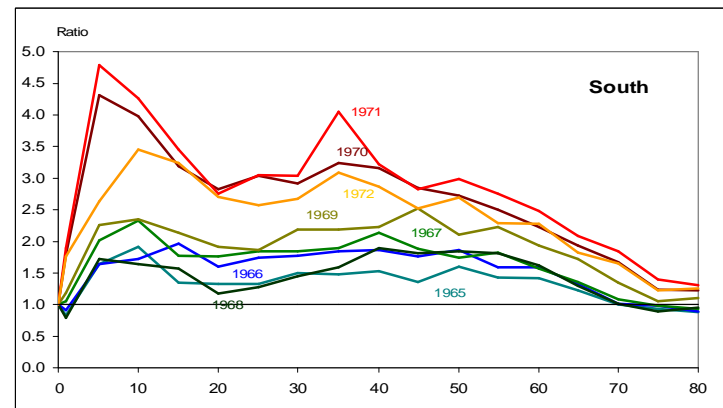
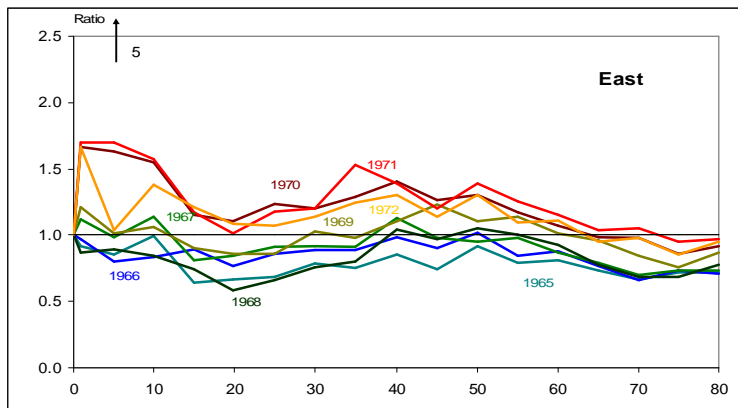


Old-age mortality correction

Relative difference between observed male age-specific probabilities of dying of each year (1965-1972) and those of Coale and Demeny life table, interpolated levels



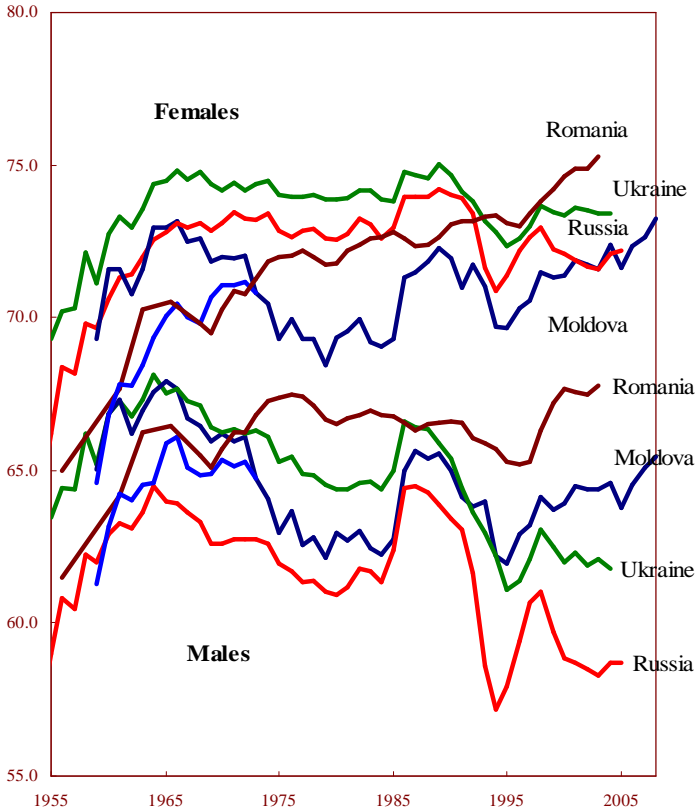
Relative difference between observed female age-specific probabilities of dying of each year (1965-1972) and those of Coale and Demeny life table, interpolated levels



Life expectancy at age 60: observed values and values in Coale and Demeny model life tables corresponding to the same level of infant mortality rate

Year	Infant Mortality Rate estimated	e60 values in the models, interpolated levels, 1959-1972					Average	Average difference
		e60 observed	EAST	WEST	SOUTH	NORTH		
<u>Males</u>								
1965	55.0	17.7	15.8	15.7	18.2	17.3	16.7	-1.0
1966	48.4	17.7	16.0	15.9	18.8	17.6	17.1	-0.6
1967	53.1	17.4	15.9	15.7	18.4	17.4	16.8	-0.6
1968	55.8	17.2	15.8	15.7	18.2	17.2	16.7	-0.5
1969	47.1	16.6	16.1	16.0	18.9	17.7	17.2	0.6
1970	40.6	16.2	16.4	16.2	19.5	18.1	17.5	1.3
1971	40.0	15.9	16.4	16.2	19.5	18.1	17.6	1.6
1972	43.6	16.4	16.3	16.1	19.2	17.9	17.4	1.0
<u>Females</u>								
1965	48.6	20.3	17.6	17.3	20.6	18.3	18.5	-1.8
1966	44.7	20.5	17.8	17.5	21.0	18.6	18.7	-1.7
1967	45.0	20.2	17.8	17.4	21.0	18.5	18.7	-1.5
1968	48.0	20.3	17.7	17.3	20.7	18.3	18.5	-1.8
1969	41.1	19.2	18.0	17.6	21.4	18.8	19.0	-0.2
1970	34.1	19.1	18.5	18.0	22.3	19.3	19.5	0.4
1971	31.9	18.6	18.7	18.1	22.6	19.4	19.7	1.1
1972	35.2	19.0	18.4	17.9	22.1	19.2	19.4	0.4

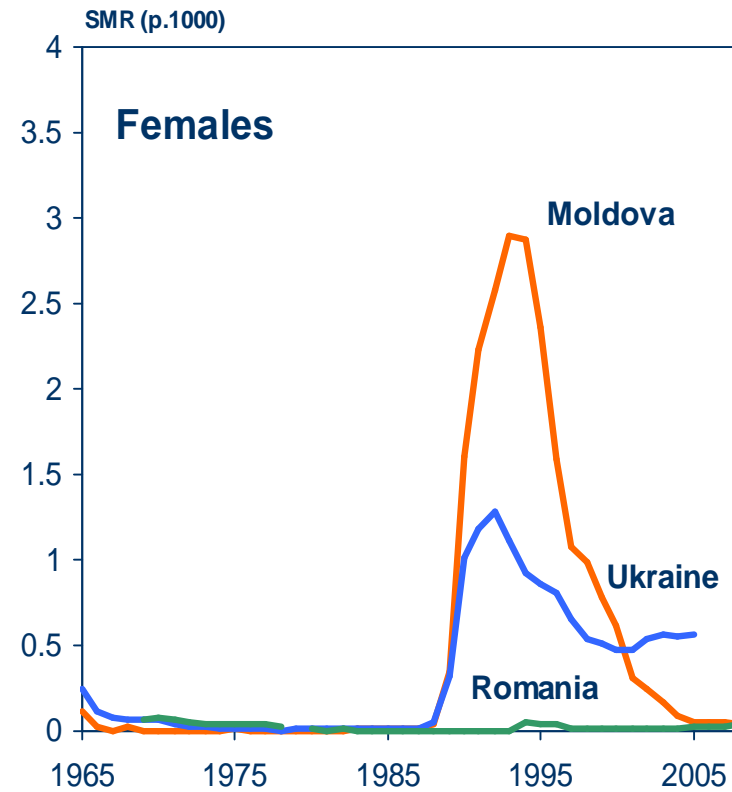
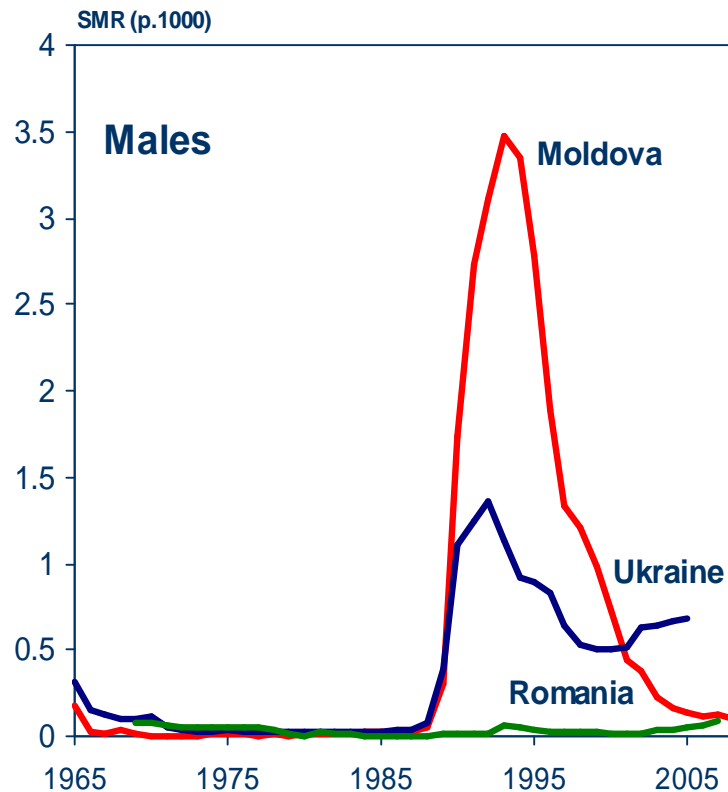
Corrected trends in comparison with neighbouring countries



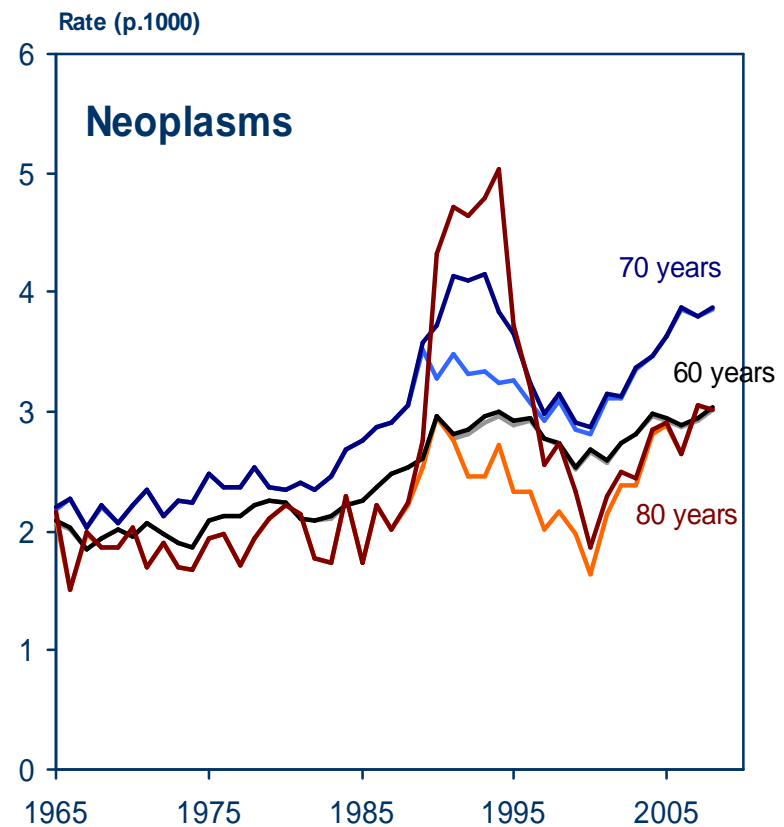
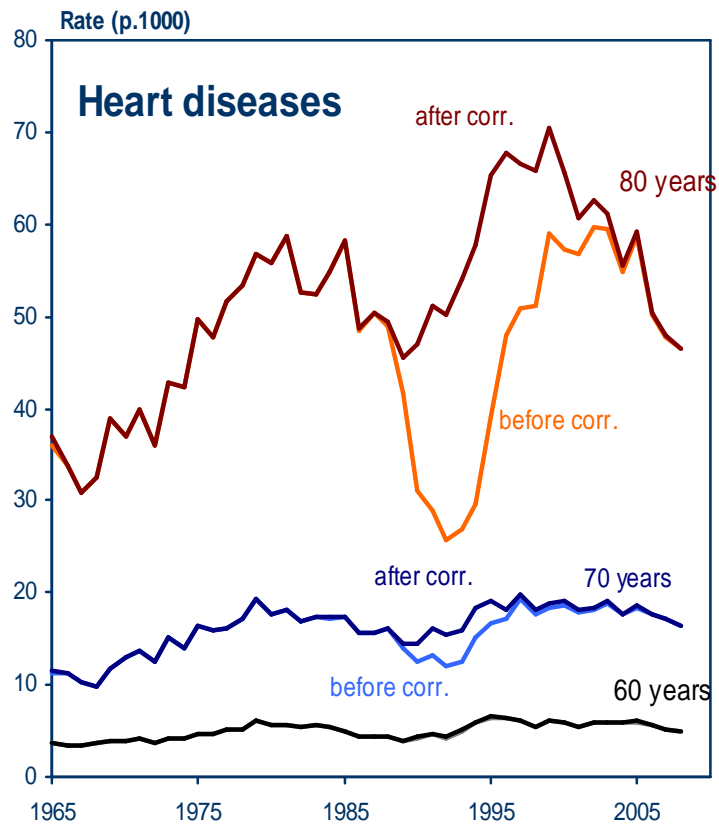


The recent senility peak

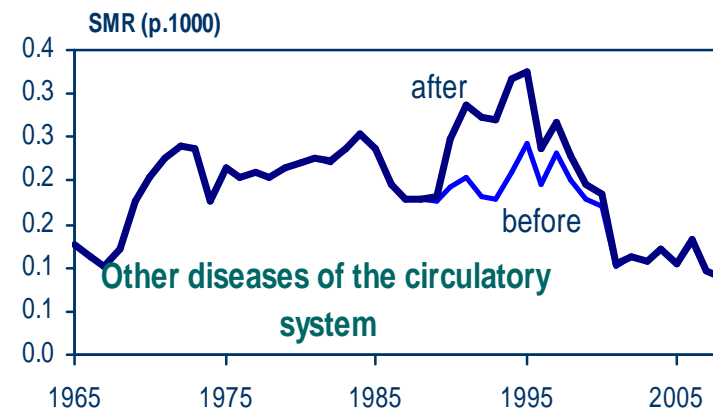
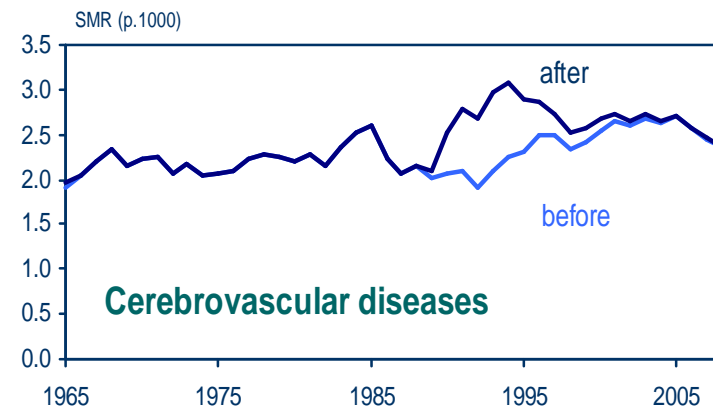
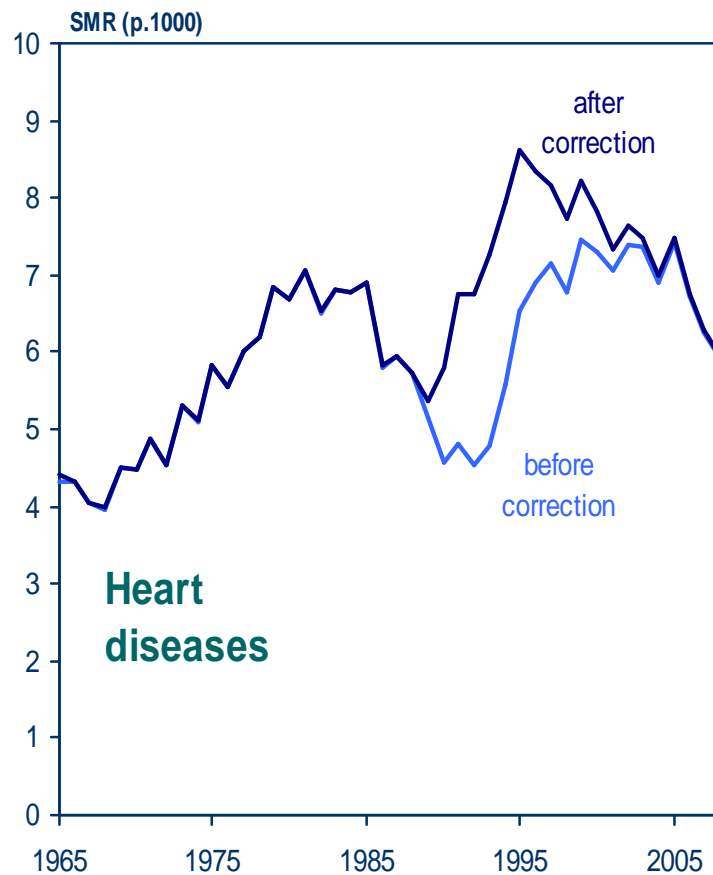
Evolution of SMR by “ill-defined causes of death”, including “Senility”, in Moldova, Ukraine and Romania since 1965



Integral proportional redistribution of “Senility” item, Moldova, 1965-2008



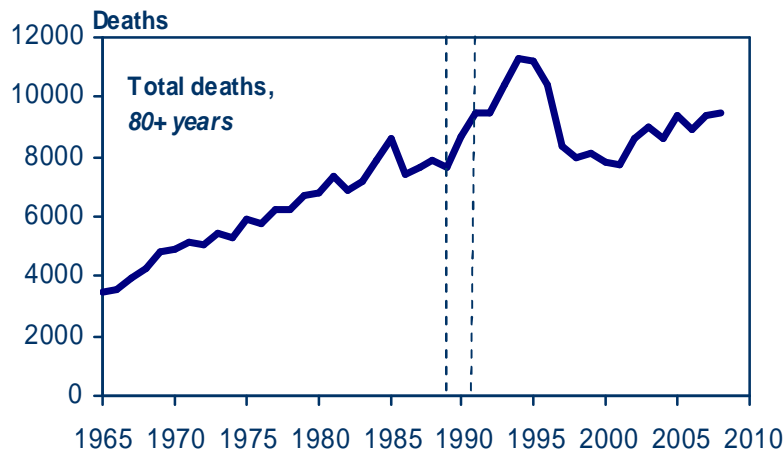
Proportional method of “Senility” redistribution restricted to cardio-vascular items, Moldova



Specific method of “Senility” redistribution restricted to cardio-vascular items

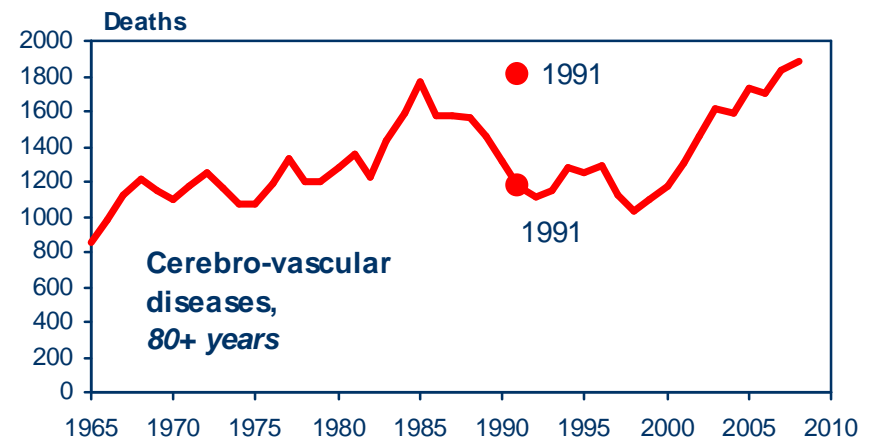
1. Correction coefficients for items “CeVD” and “Other dis. of CiS”

$$K = \frac{D_{total}^{1991}}{D_{total}^{1989}}$$



2. Estimated deaths in 1991 for items “CeVD” and “Other dis. of CiS”

$$D_{CeVD}^{1991} = D_{CeVD}^{1989} \times K$$



CeVD = cerebrovascular diseases; CiS = circulatory system

Specific method of “Senility” redistribution restricted to cardio-vascular items

3. Redistribution coefficients for items “CeVD” and “Other dis. of CiS”

$$M_{CeVD} = \frac{D_{CeVD}^{1991} - D_{CeVD}^{1991}}{D_S^{1991}}$$

D_{CeVD}^{1991} observed deaths in 1991 by CeVD

D_{CeVD}^{1991} estimated deaths in 1991 by CeVD

D_S^{1991} deaths by item “Senility” in 1991

4. Redistribution coefficients for item “Heart diseases”

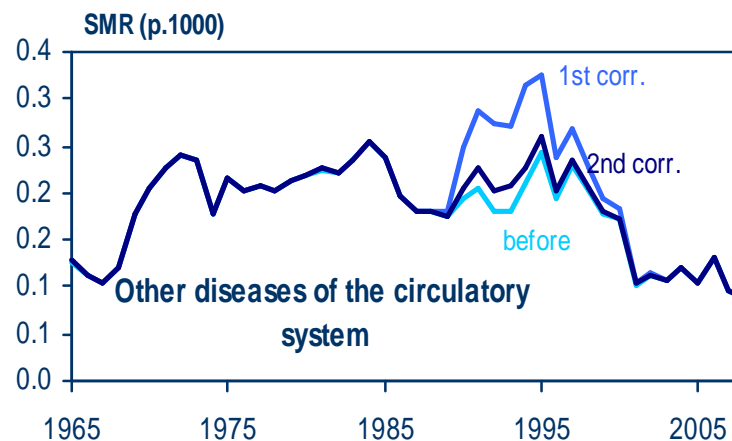
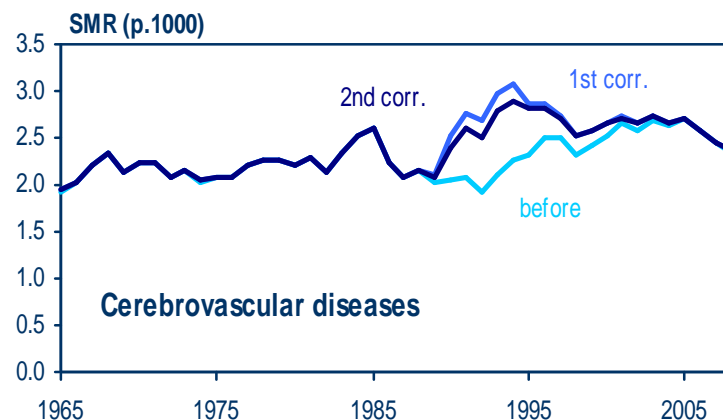
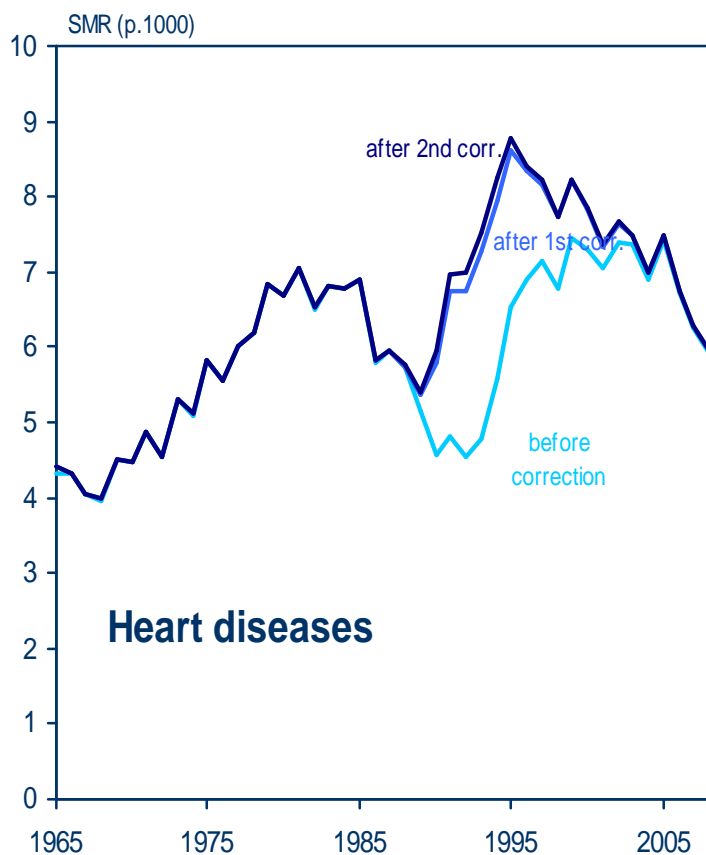
$$M_{HD} = 1 - \frac{\Delta_{CeVD}^{1991}}{D_S^{1991}} - \frac{\Delta_{ODCiS}^{1991}}{D_S^{1991}}$$

Δ_{CeVD}^{1991} difference b/w estimated and observed deaths by CeVD

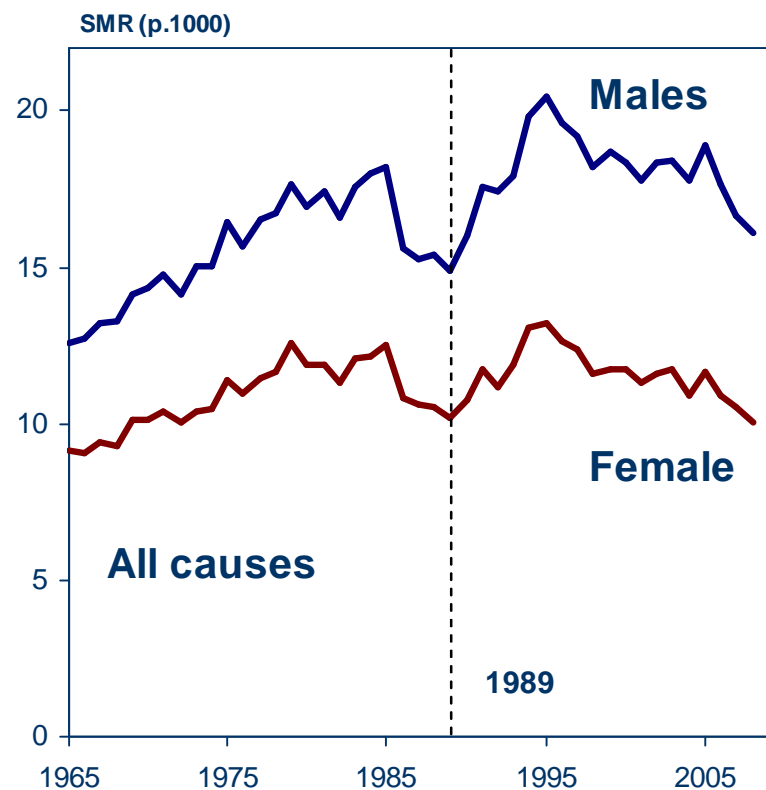
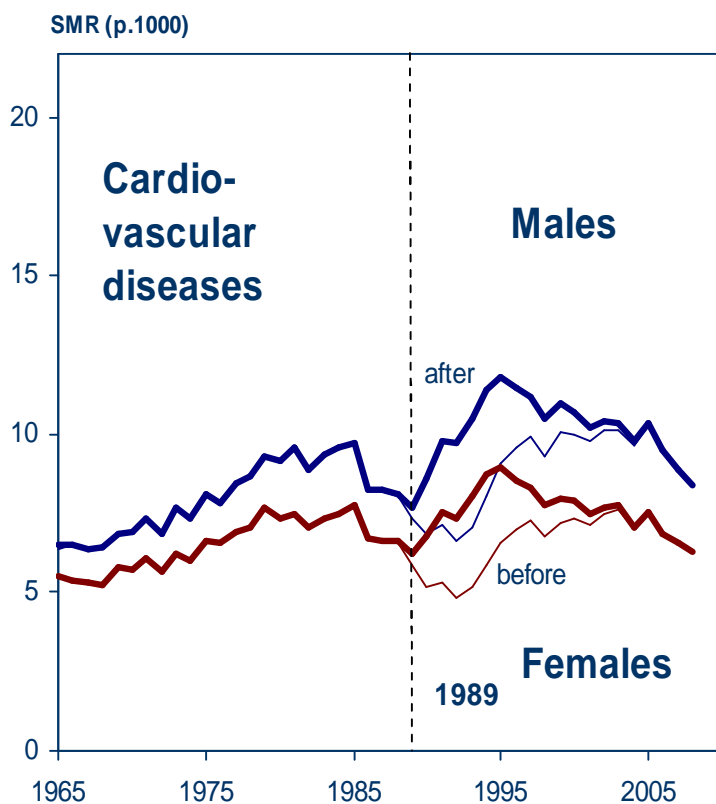
Δ_{ODCiS}^{1991} difference b/w estimated and observed deaths by other dis. of CiS

D_S^{1991} deaths by item “Senility” in 1991

Evolution of SMR before and after proportional and specific methods of “Senility” redistribution restricted to cardiovascular items, Moldova, males



Evolution of SMR by cardio-vascular diseases (after correction) and all causes of death, Moldova



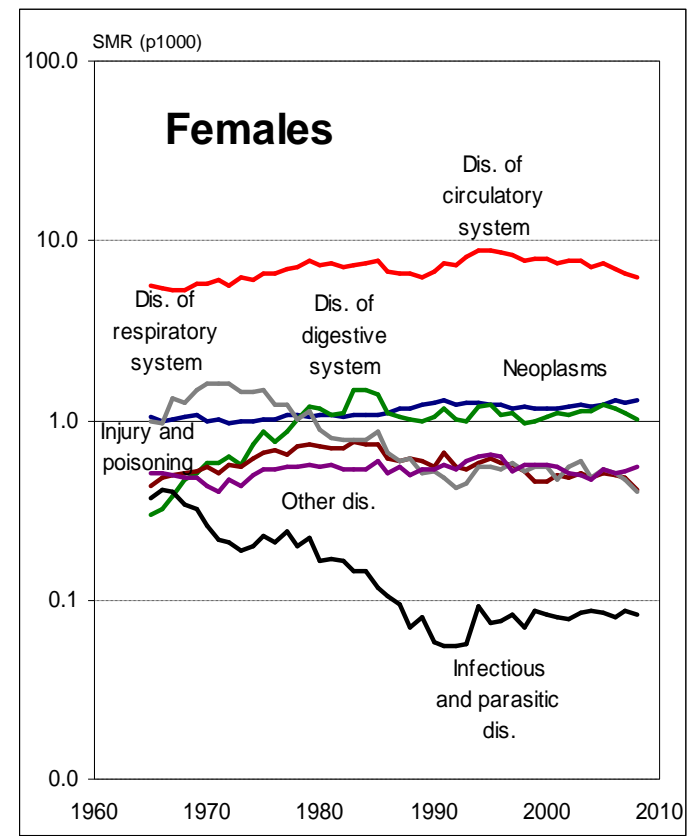
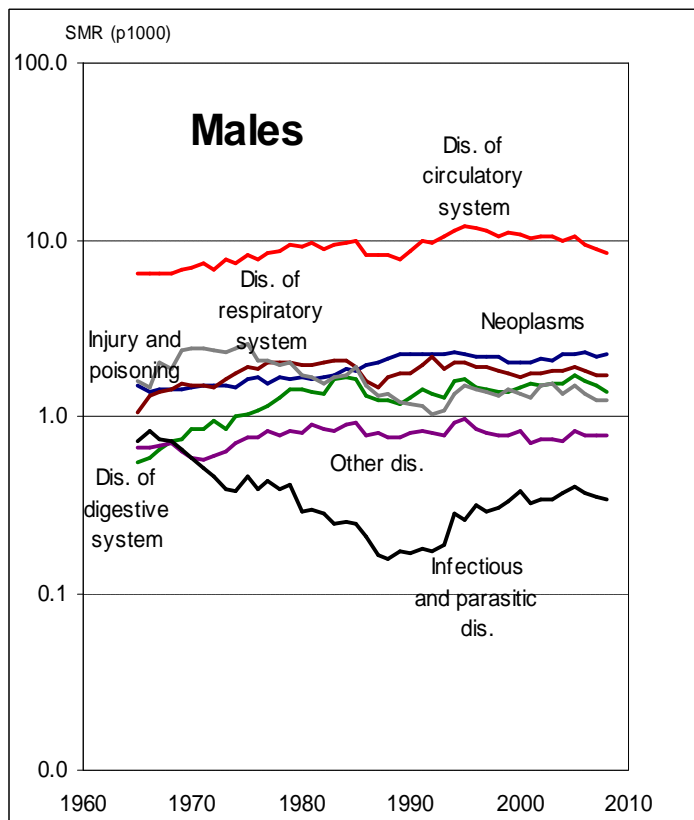
Evolution of mortality by causes of death in Moldova in 1965-2008 (preliminary results)

- Moldova: reconstructed data (1965-2008)
- Ukraine: reconstructed data (1965-2004)
F. Meslé, J. Vallin et al., 2004, "Mortalité et causes de décès en Ukraine au XXe siècle"
2005-2006: unreconstructed data
- Romania: unreconstructed data
WHO mortality database
1963-2008 according to 7 broad groups of causes of deaths
1999-2008 according to detailed groups (ICD-10)

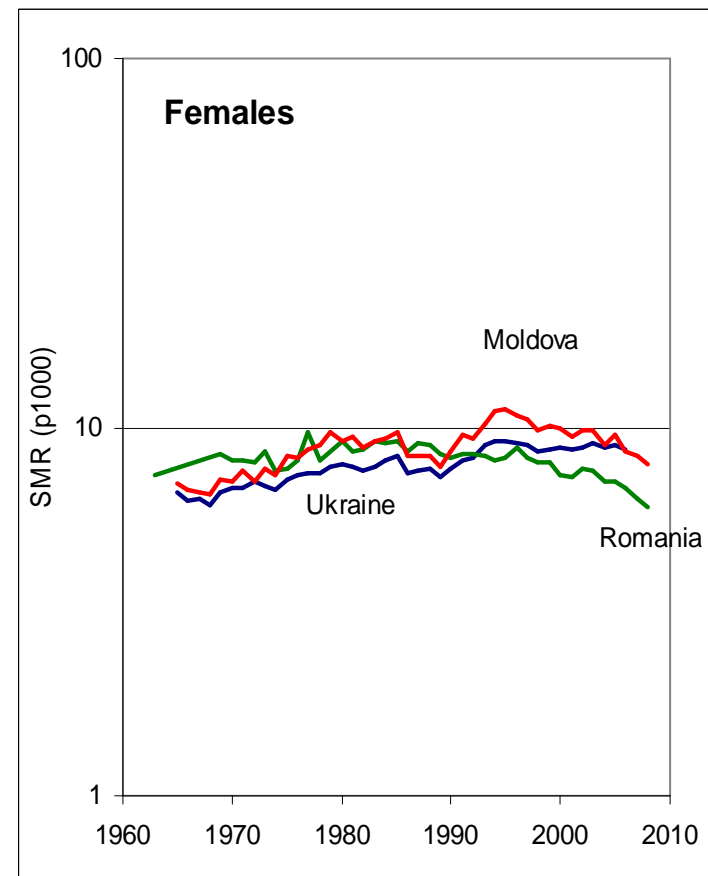
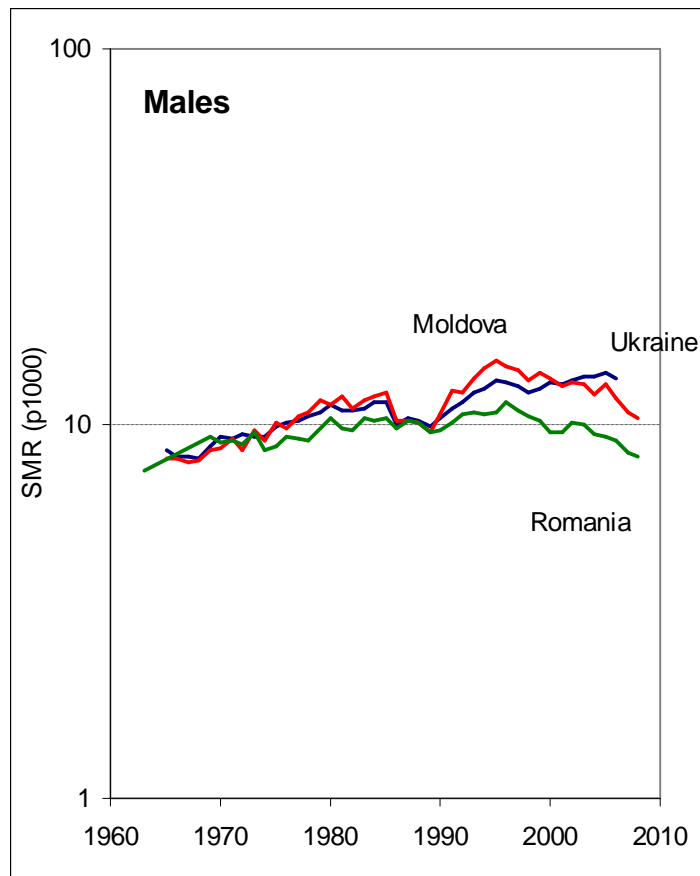


Dynamics of standardized mortality rates by causes of death

Trends in standardized mortality rates according to 7 broad causes-of-death groups, Moldova, 1965-2008

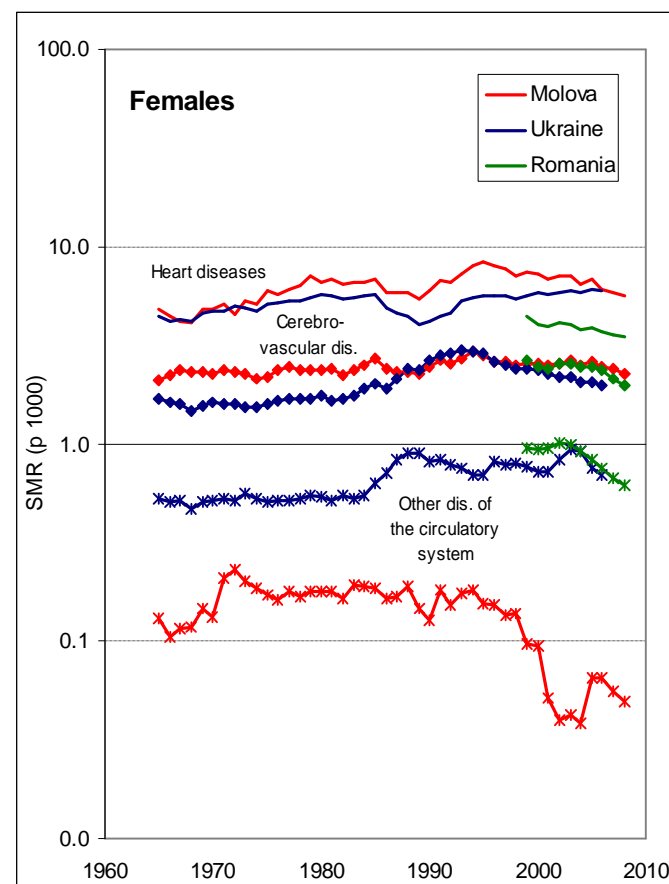
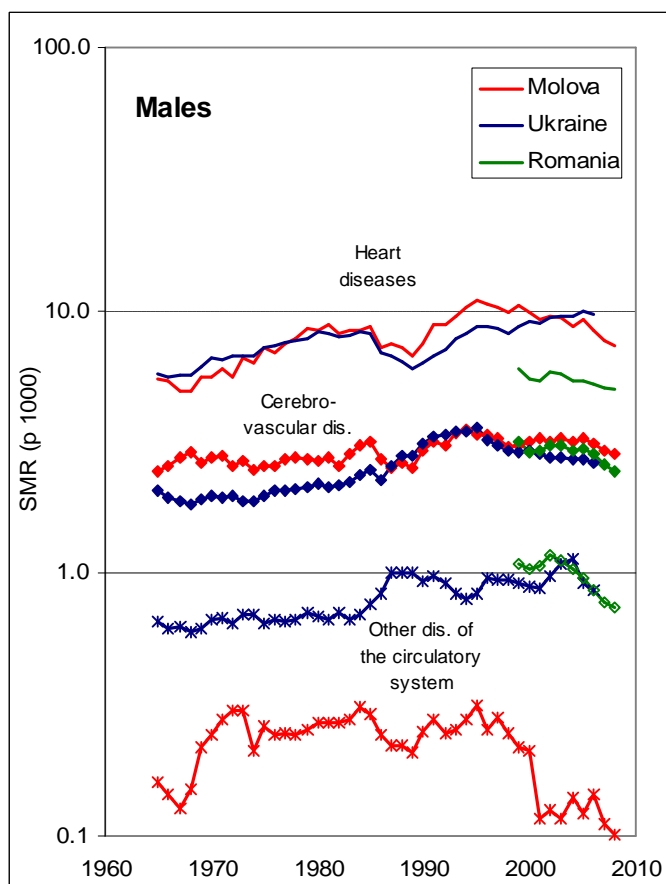


Cardio-vascular diseases (1)



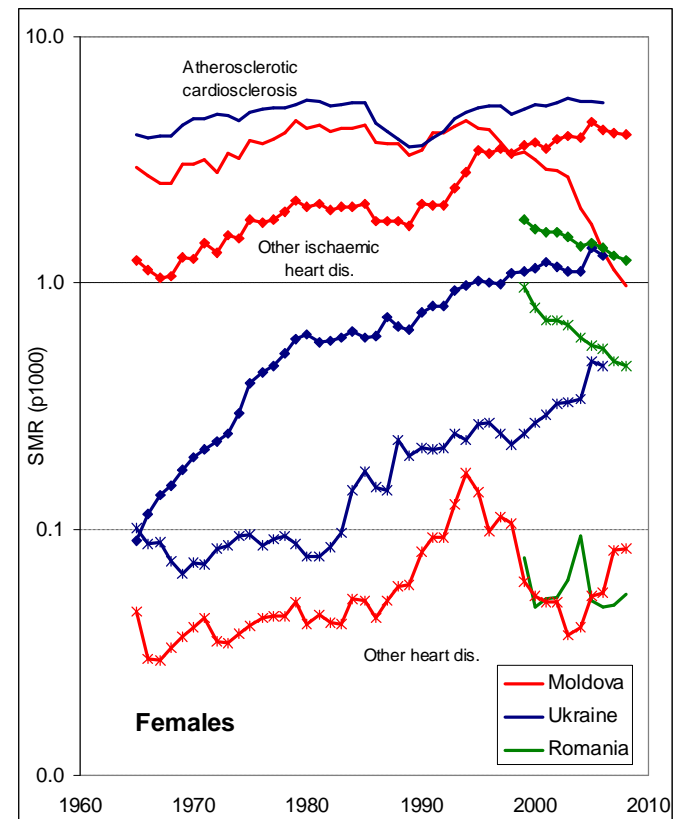
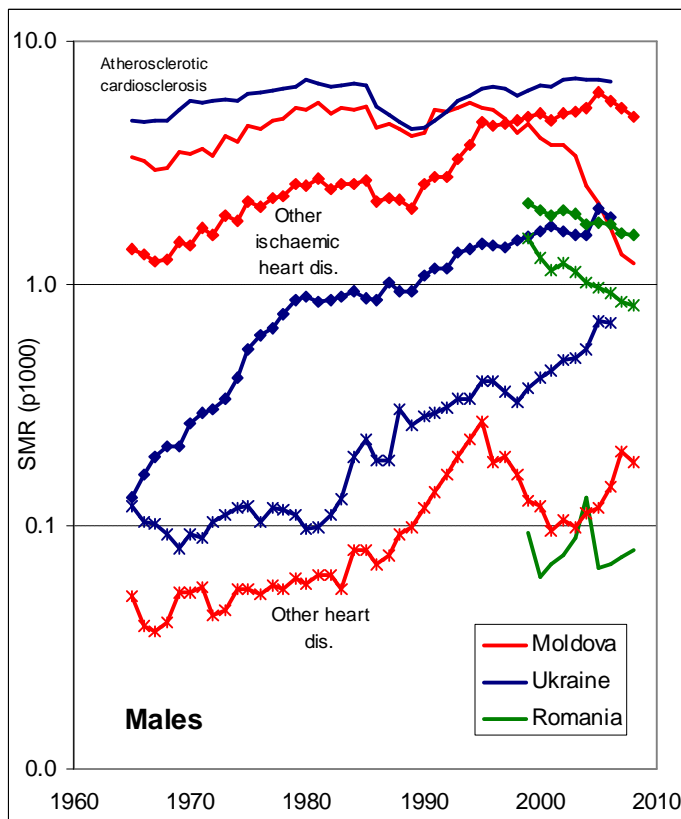
Cardio-vascular diseases (2)

(heart diseases, cerebro-vascular diseases, other diseases of the circulatory system)



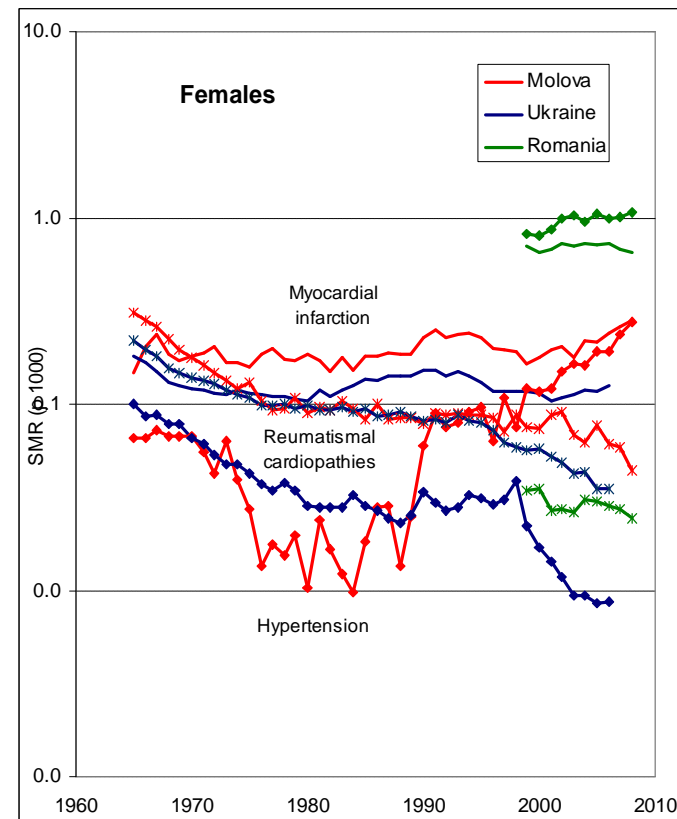
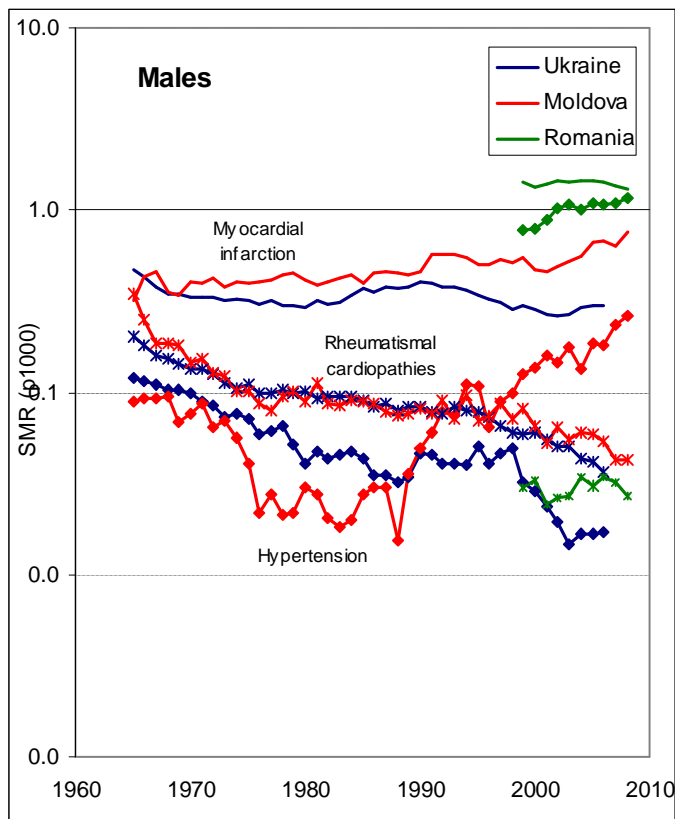
Cardio-vascular diseases (3)

(atherosclerotic cardiosclerosis, other ischaemic heart diseases, other heart diseases)

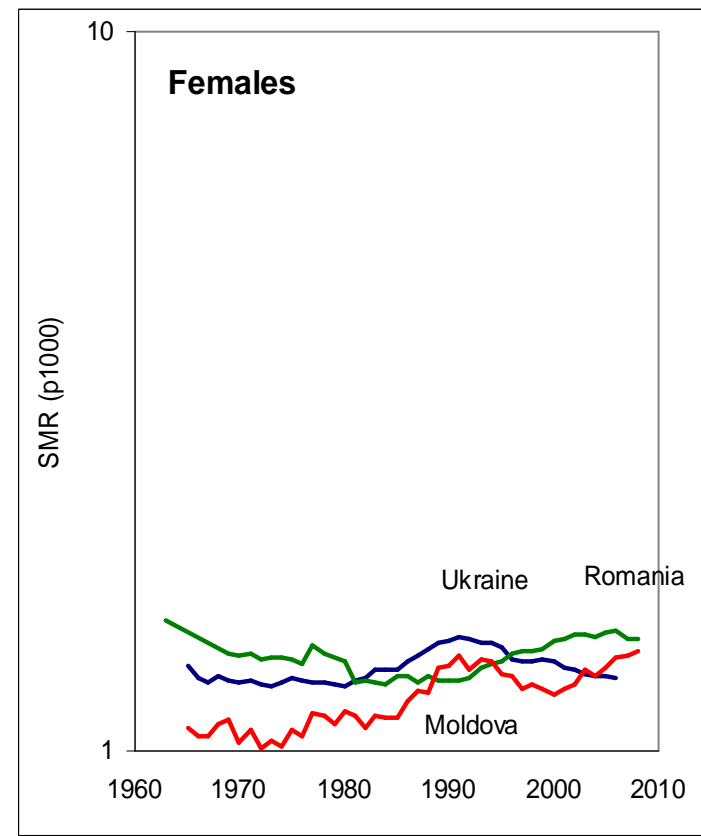
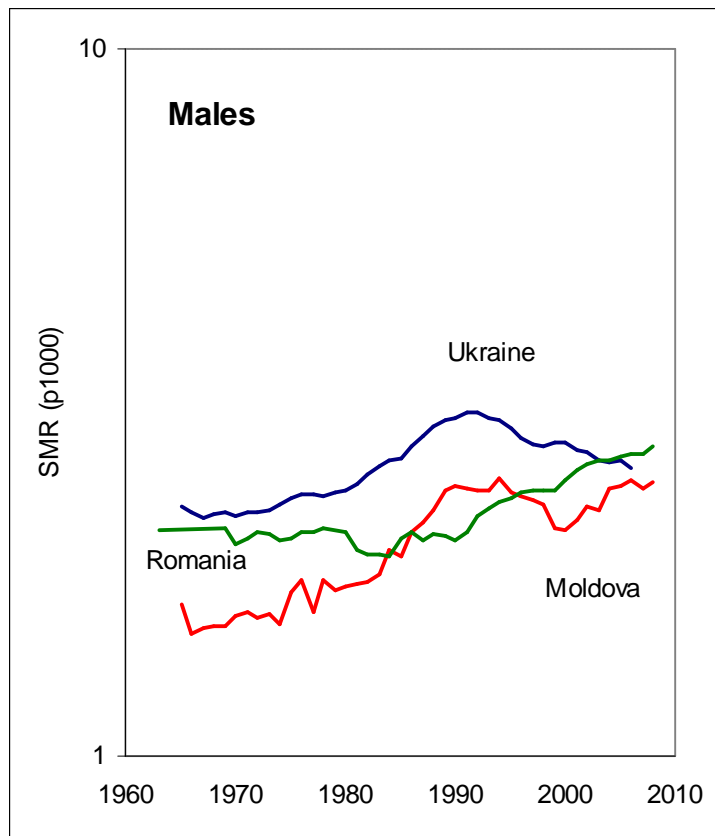


Cardio-vascular diseases (4)

(myocardial infarction, hypertension, rheumatismal cardiopathies)

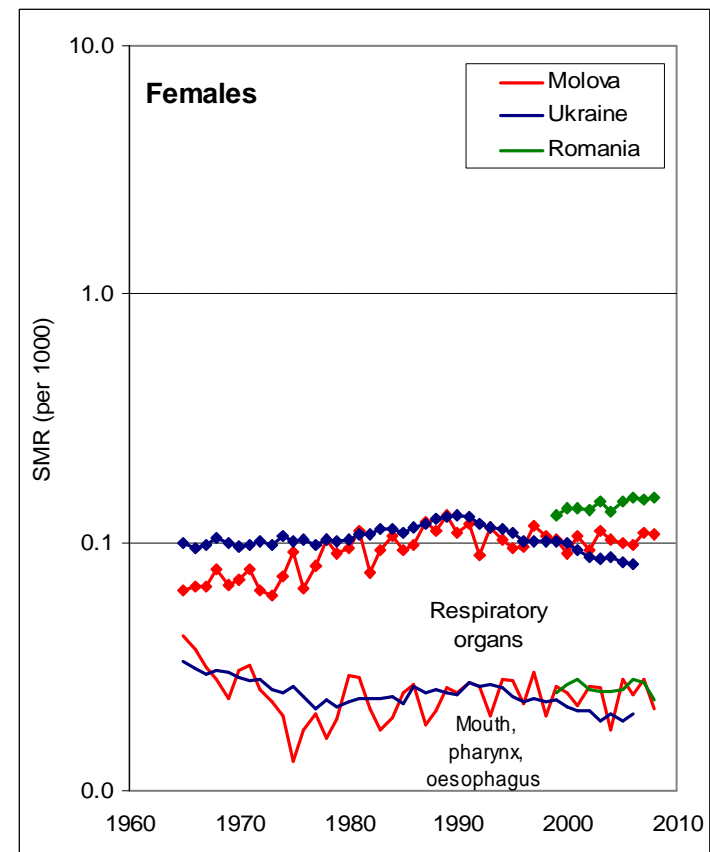
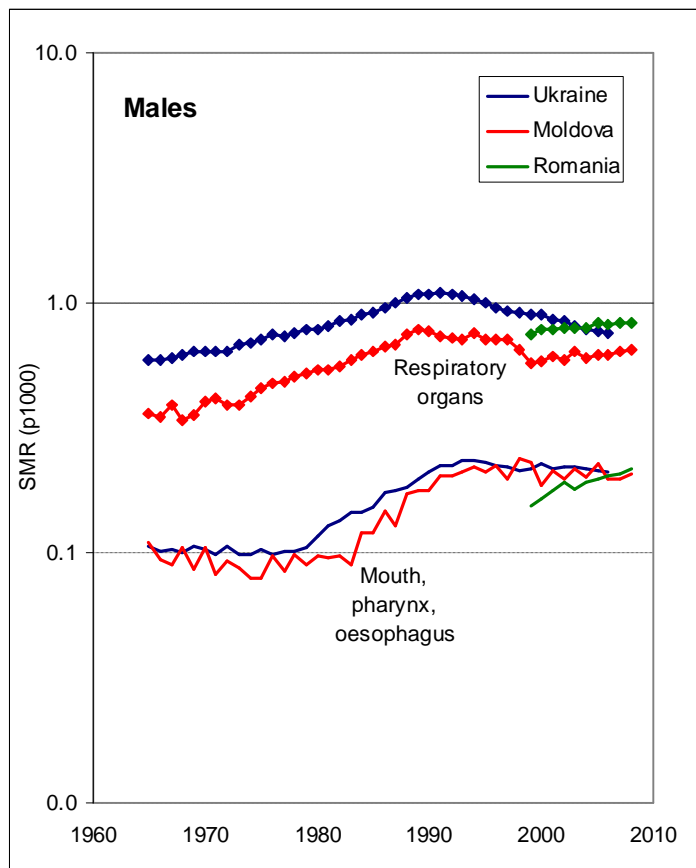


Neoplasms (1)



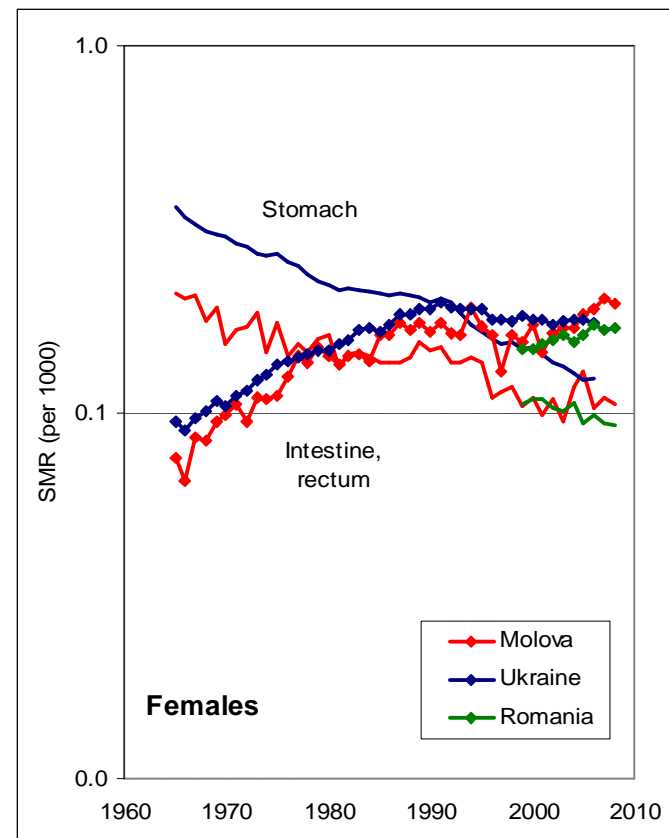
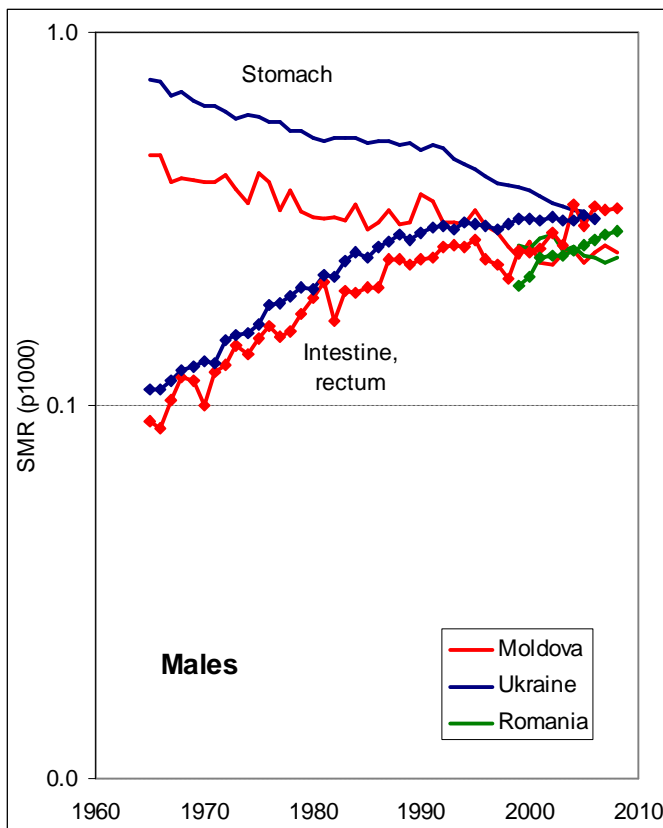
Neoplasms (2)

(cancer of the respiratory organs,
lips, mouth, pharynx and oesophagus)



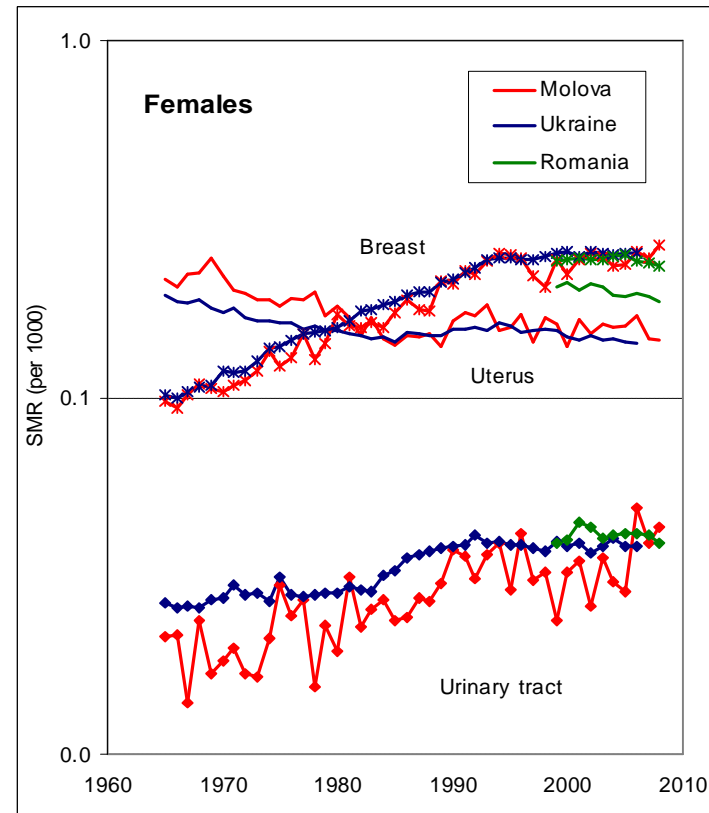
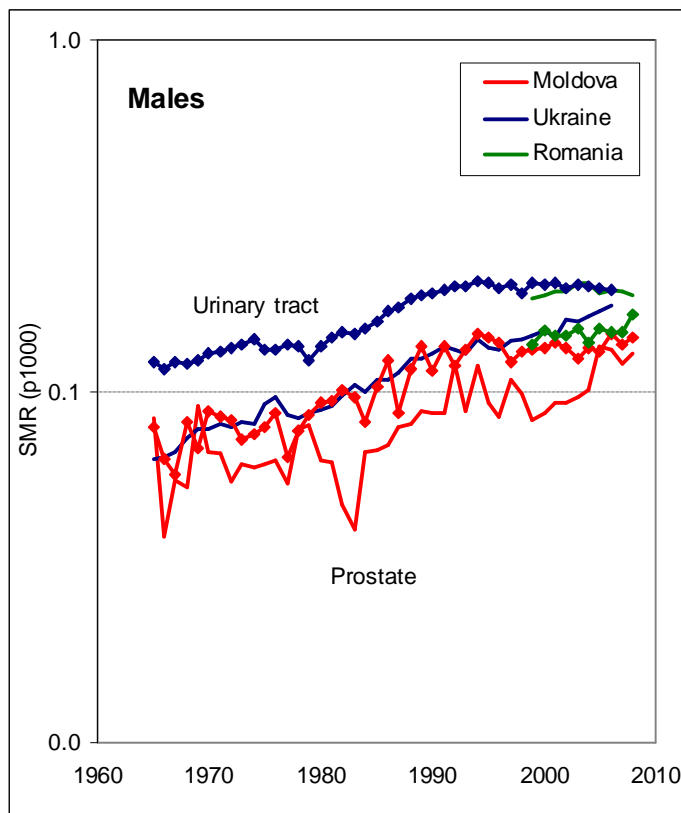
Neoplasms (3)

(Cancer of stomach, intestine and rectum)

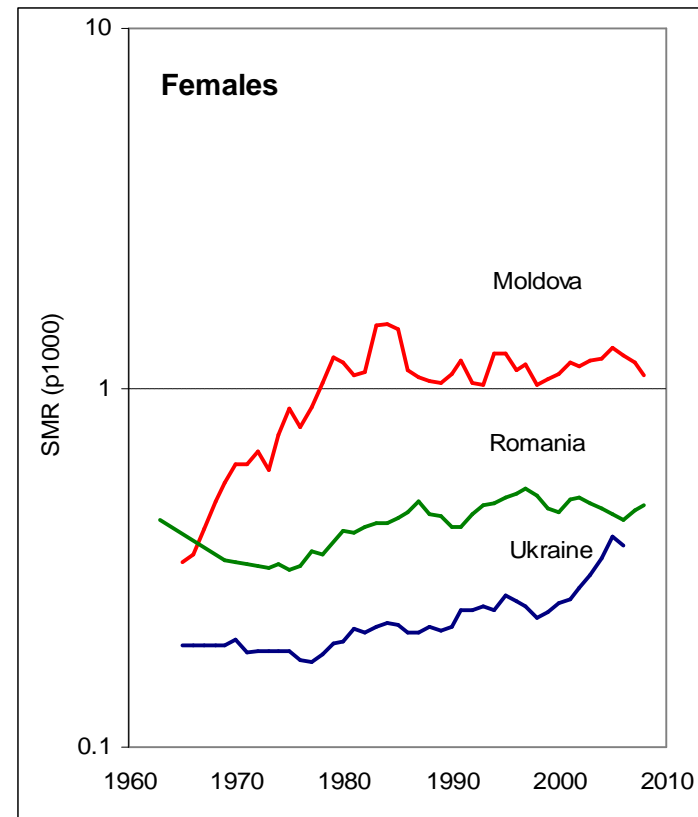
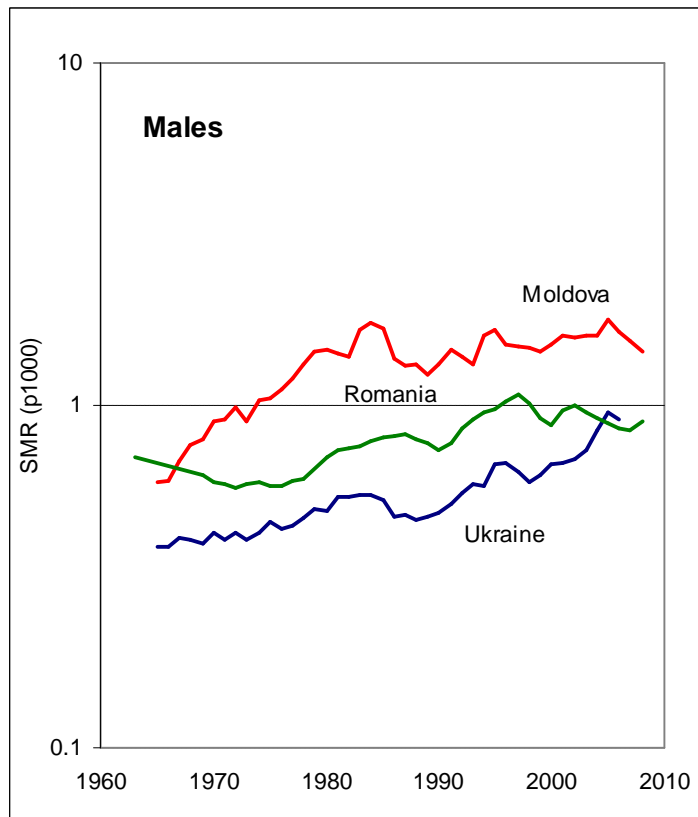


Neoplasms (4)

(Cancer of the urinary tract, prostate, uterus and breast)

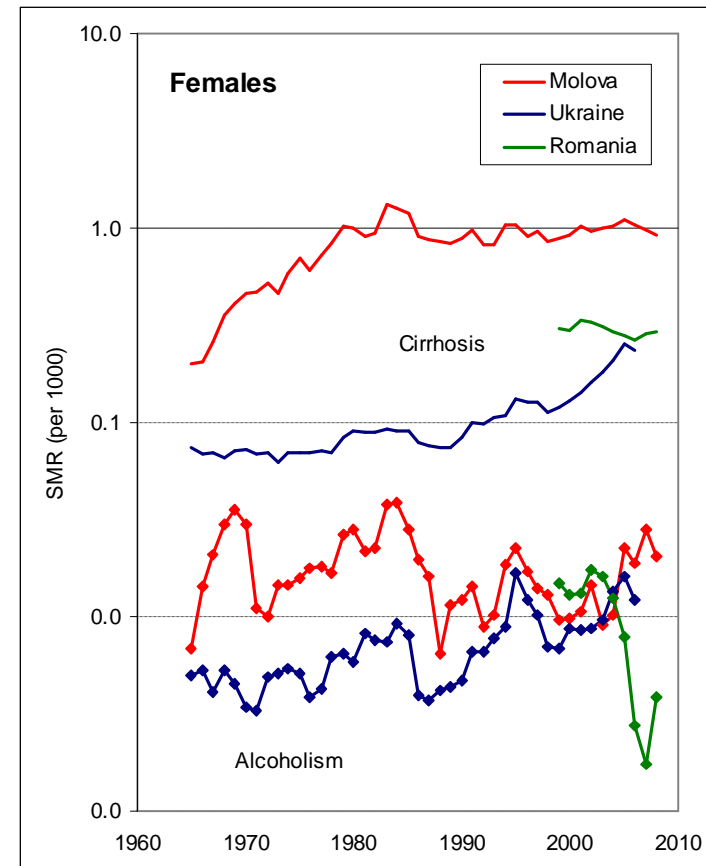
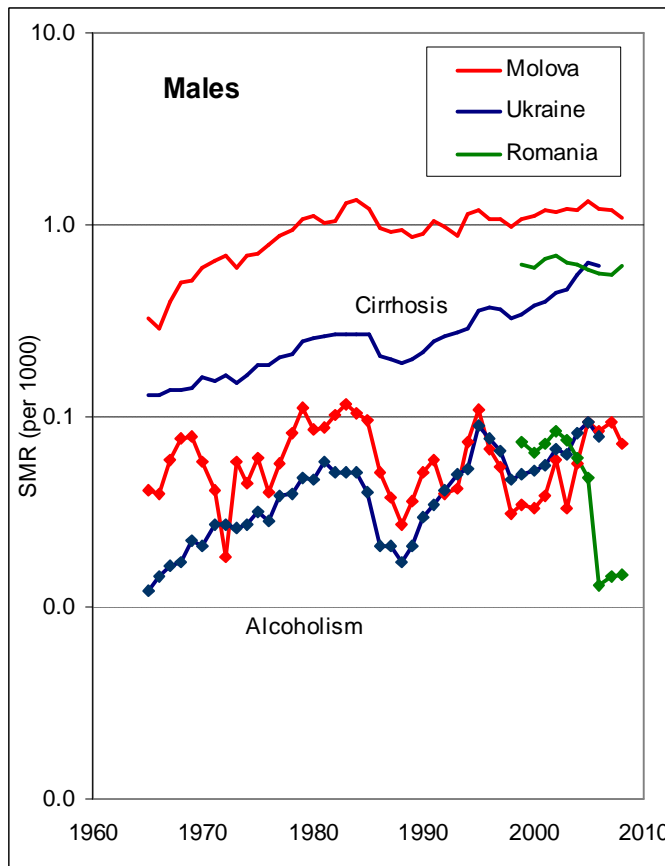


Diseases of the digestive system (1)

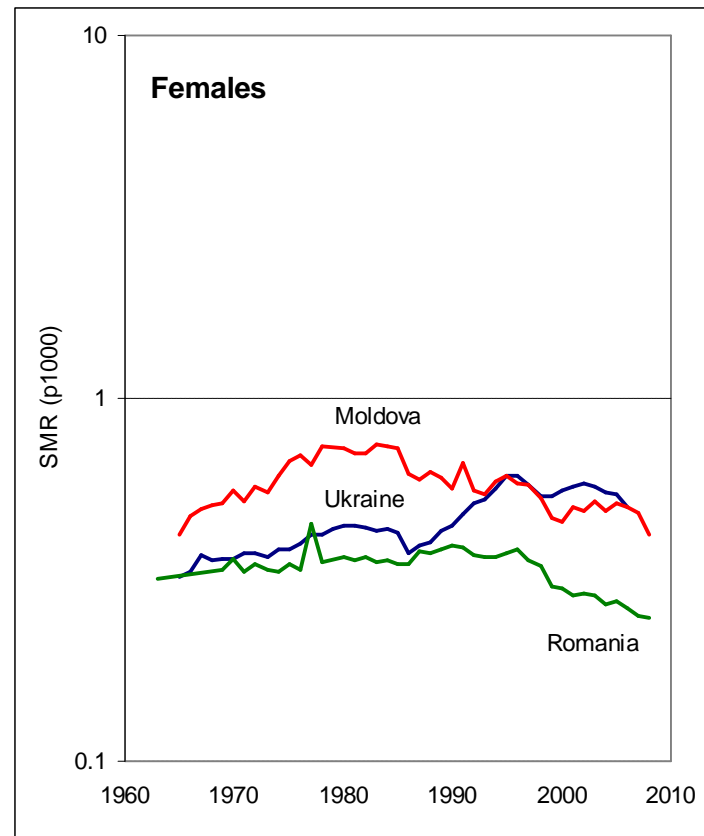
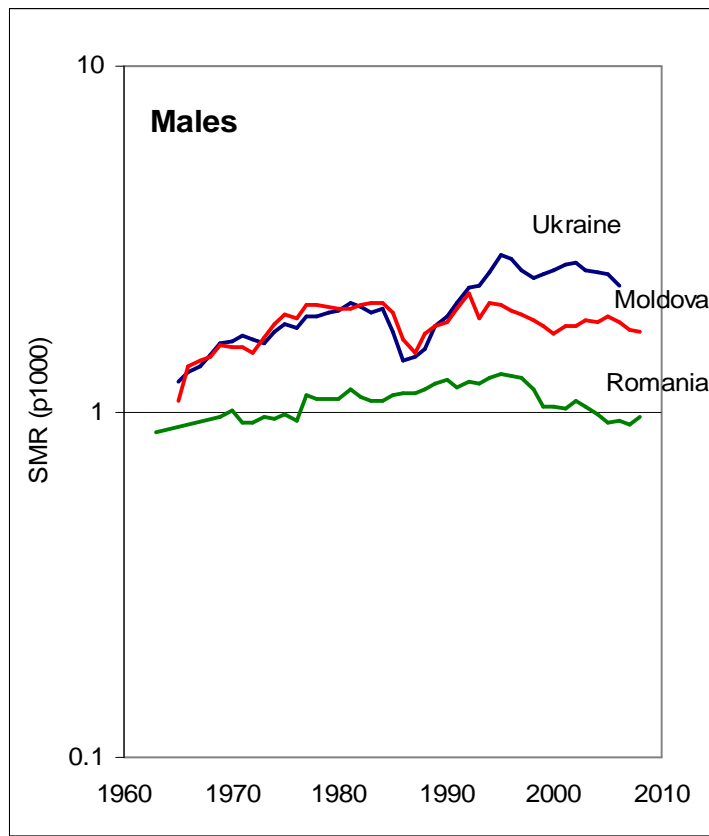


Diseases of the digestive system (2)

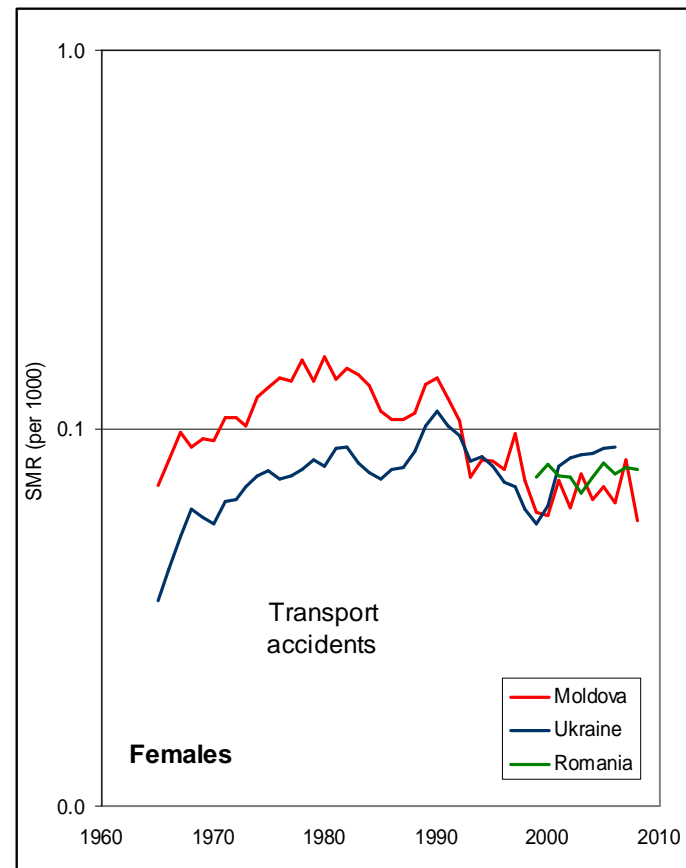
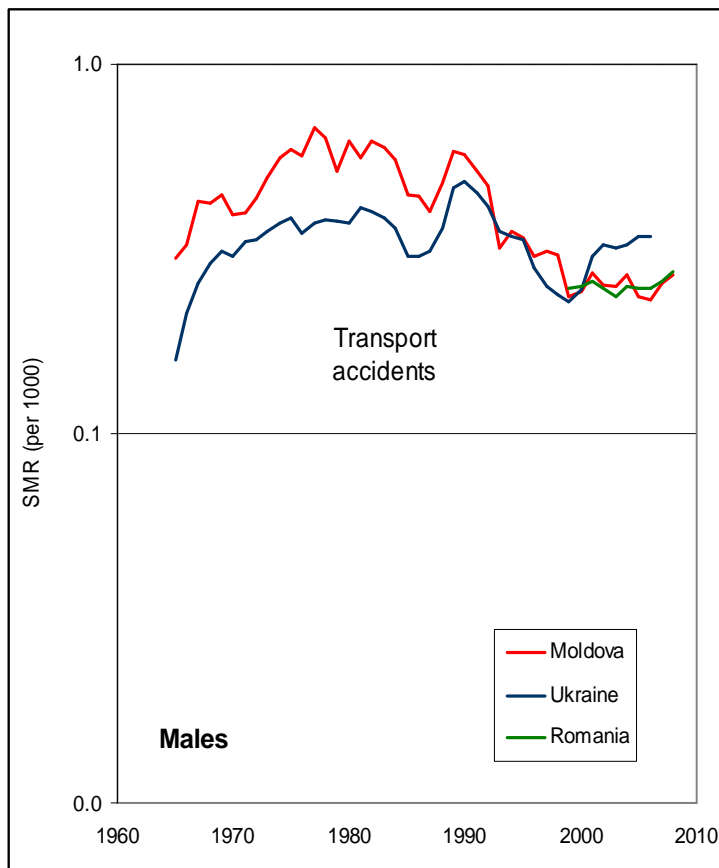
(cirrhosis and alcoholism)



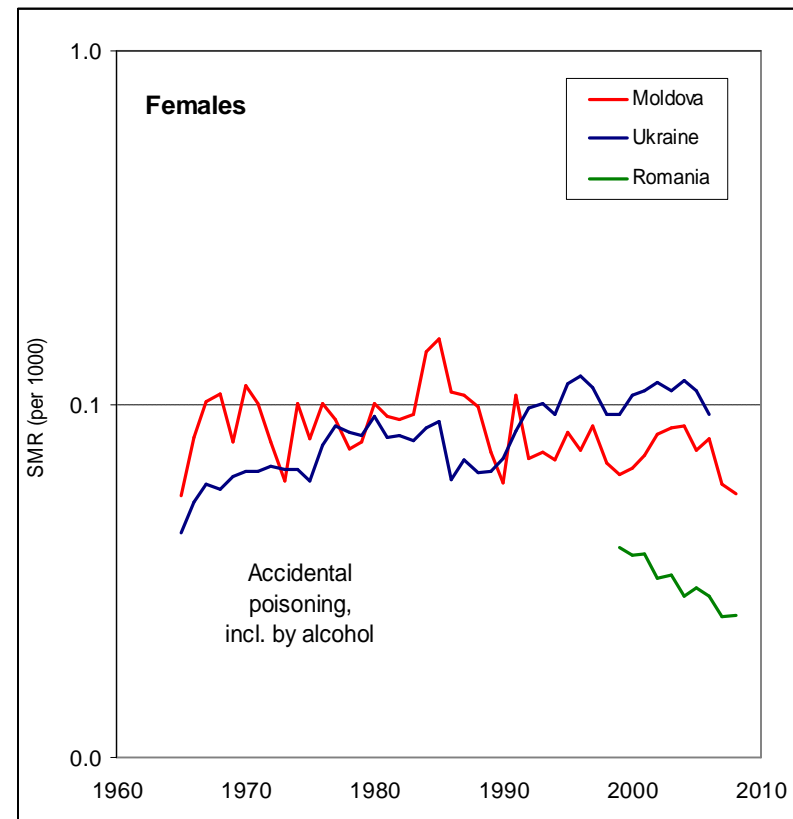
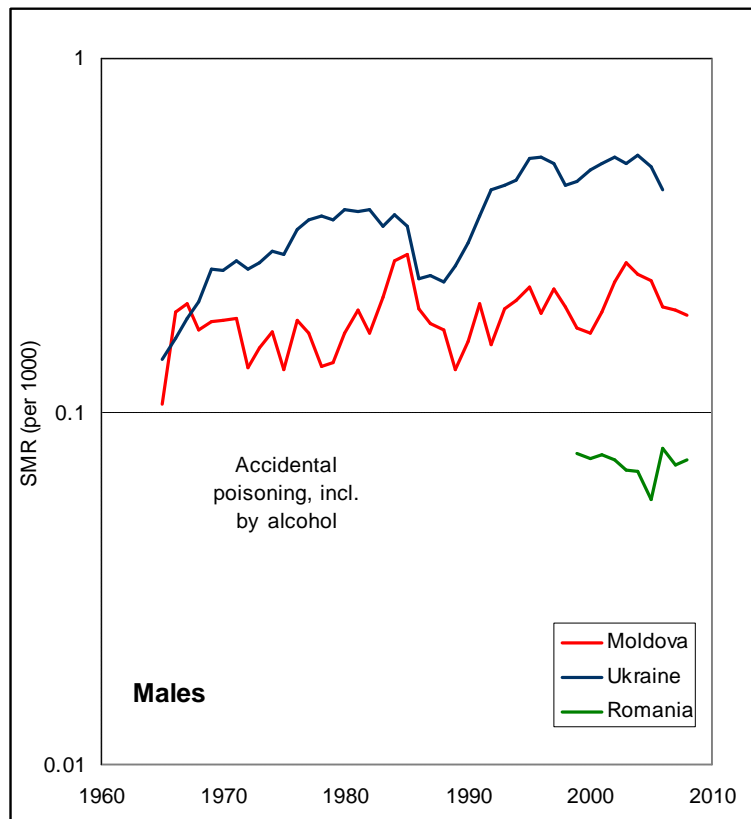
Violent deaths (1)



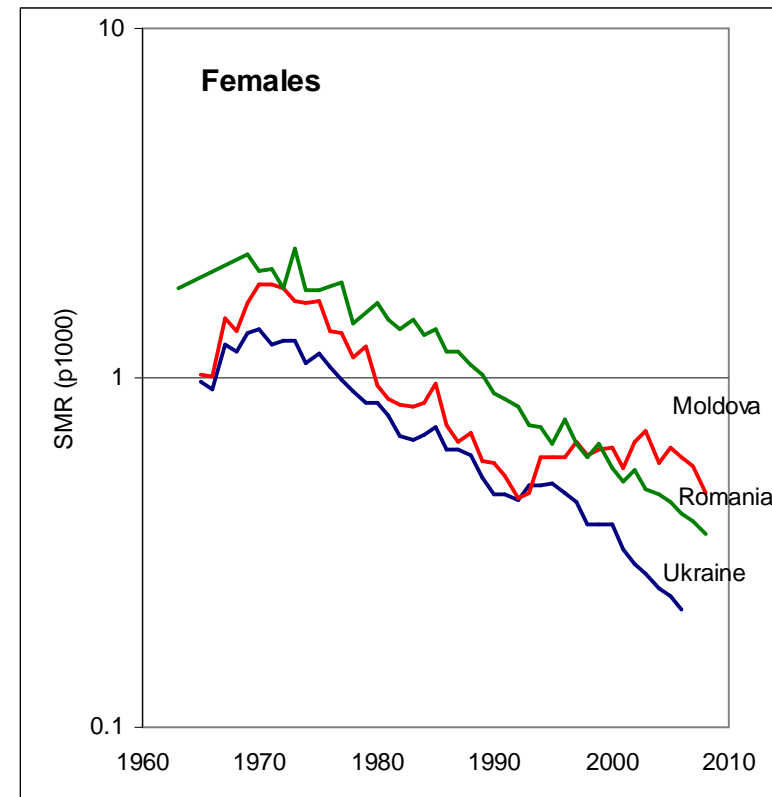
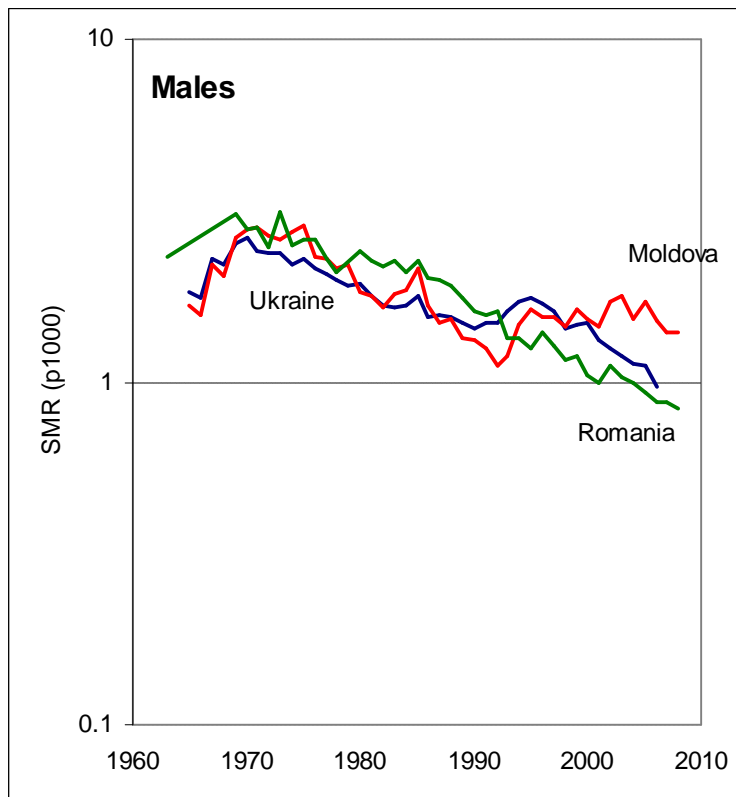
Violent deaths (2) (transport accidents)



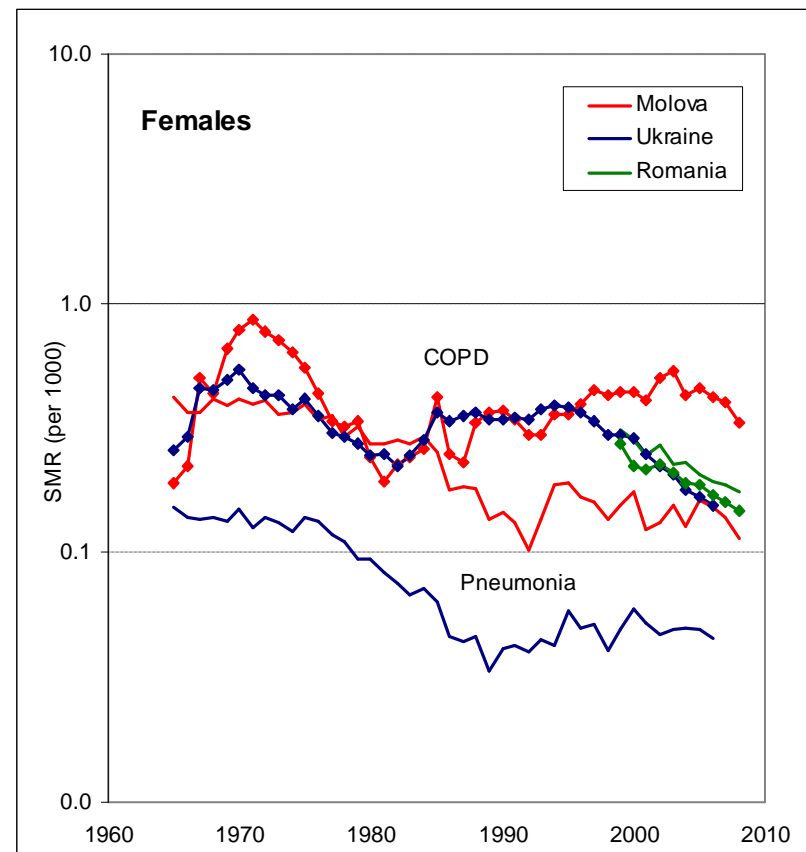
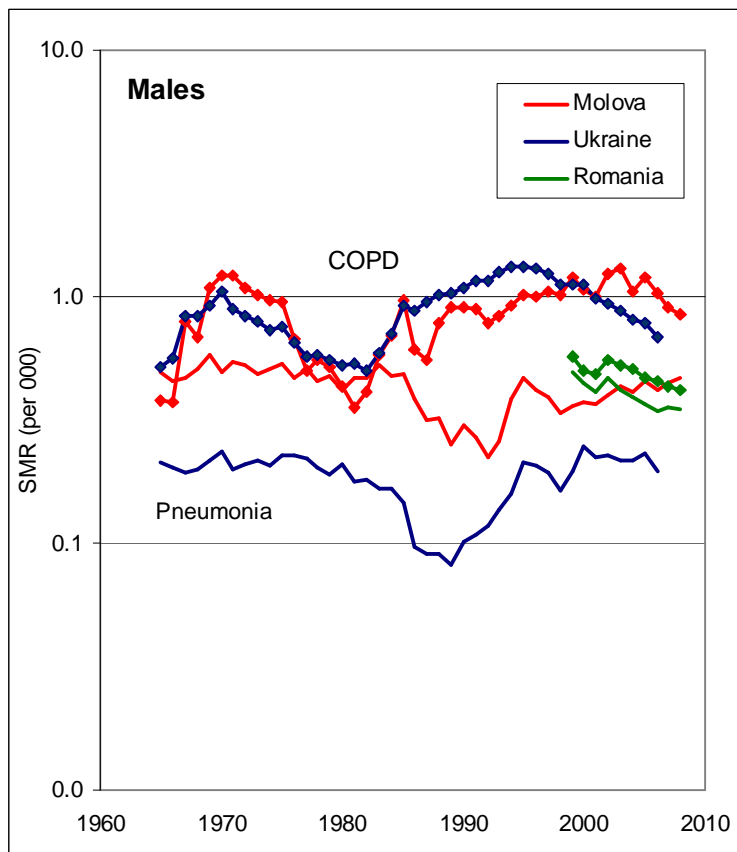
Violent deaths (3) (accidental poisoning, incl. by alcohol)



Diseases of the respiratory system (1)

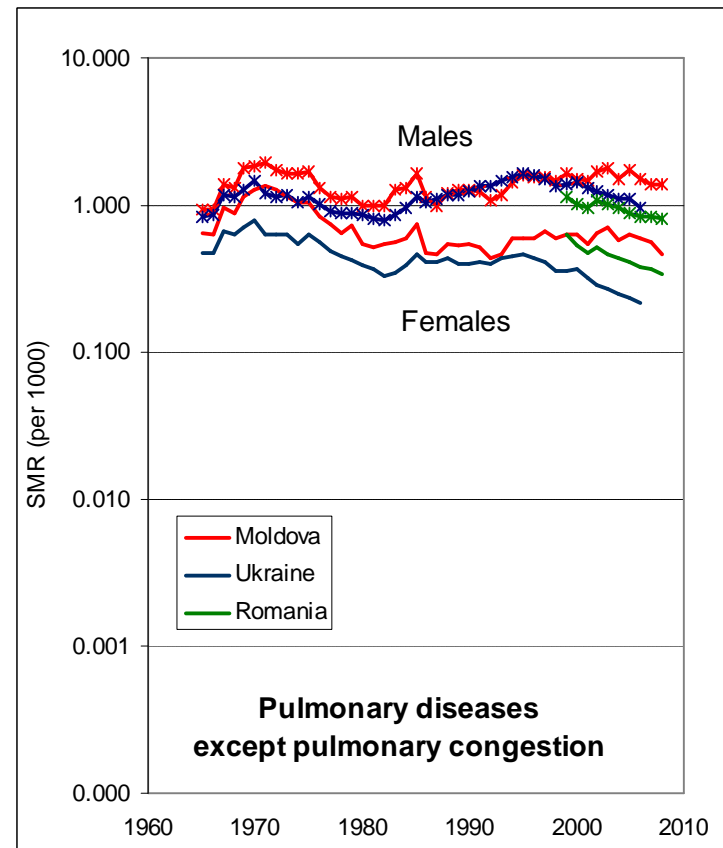
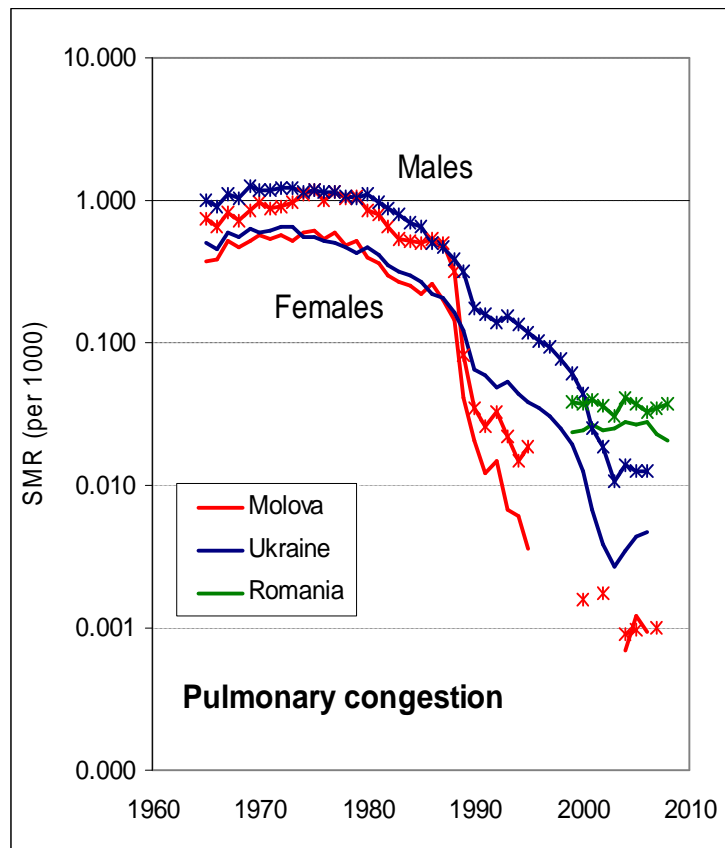


Diseases of the respiratory system (2) (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pneumonia)

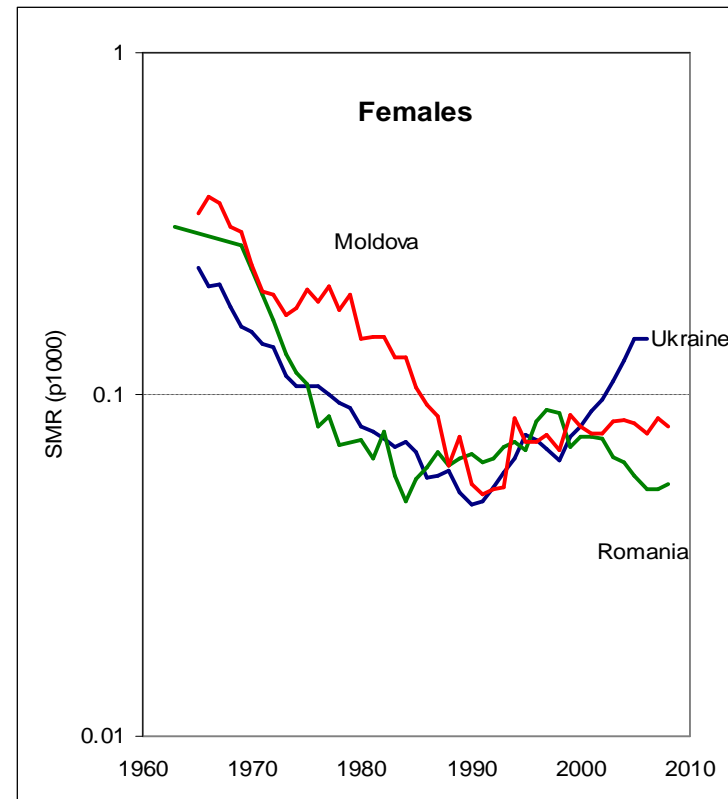
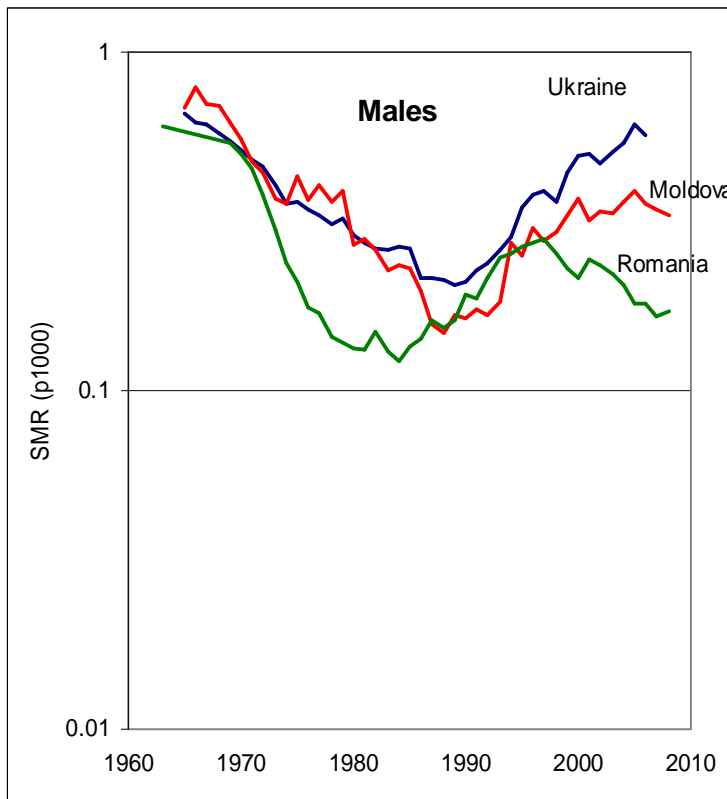


Diseases of the respiratory system (3)

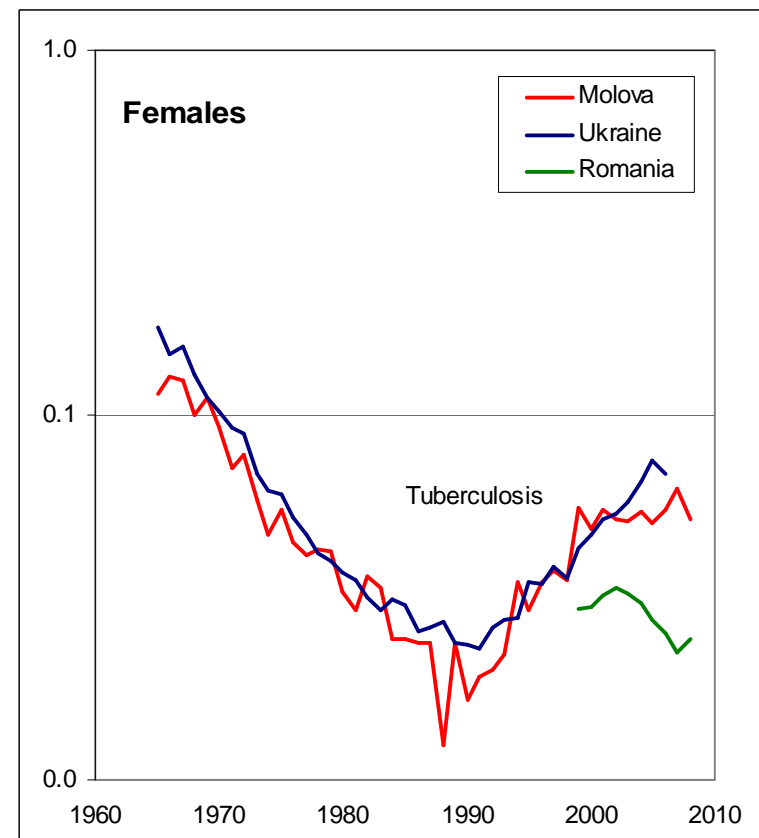
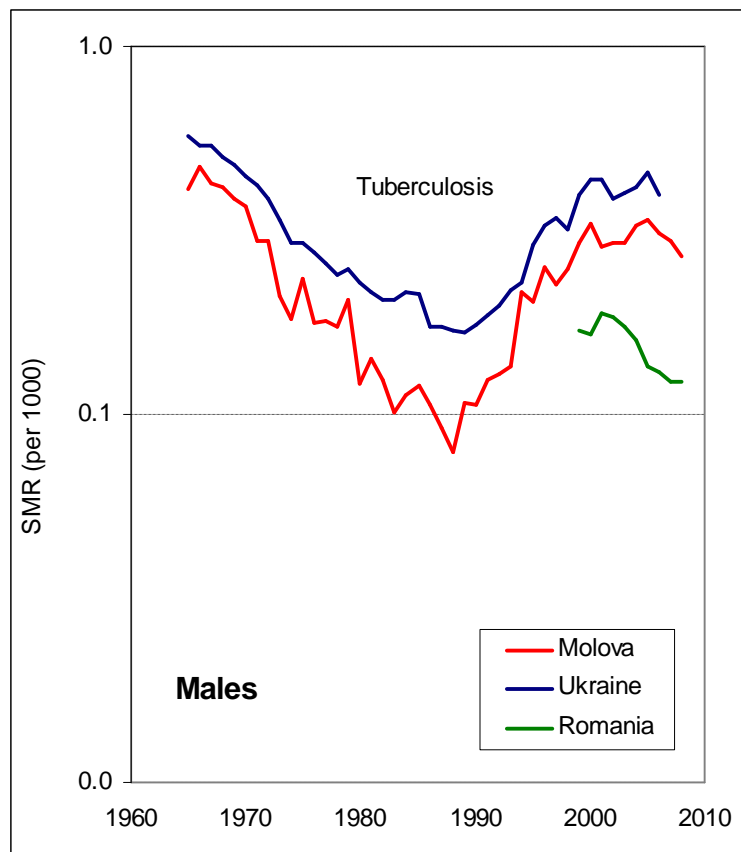
(pulmonary congestion, pulmonary diseases except pulmonary congestion)



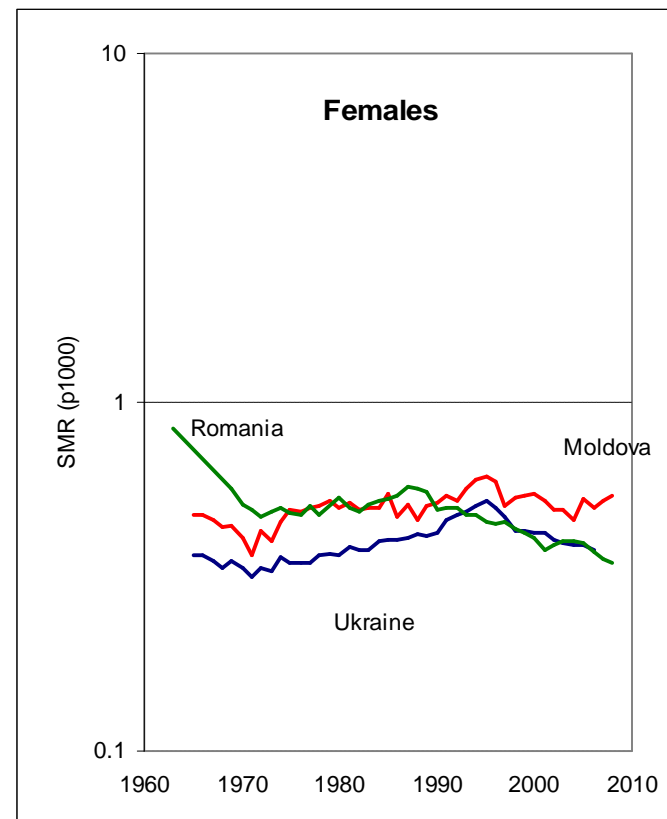
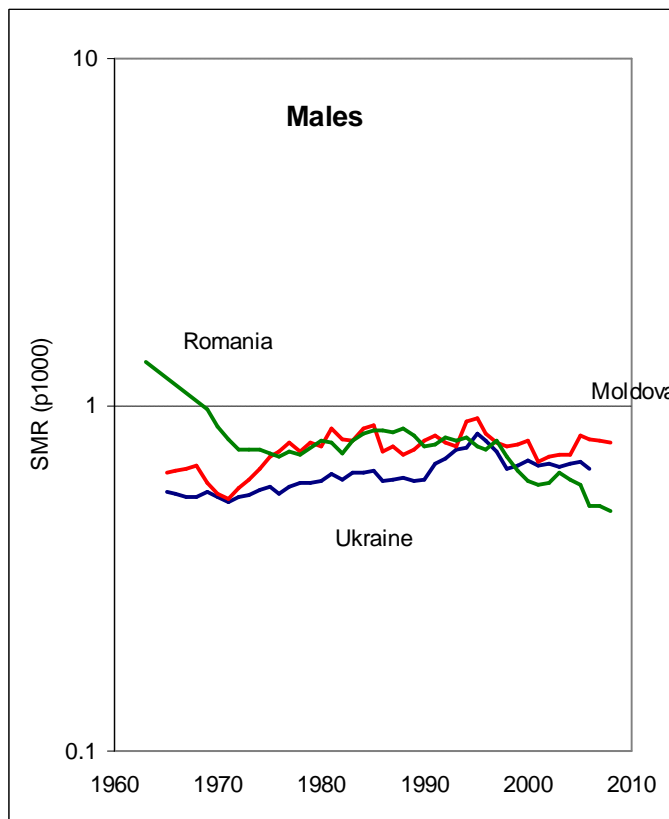
Infectious diseases (1)



Infectious diseases (2) (tuberculosis)



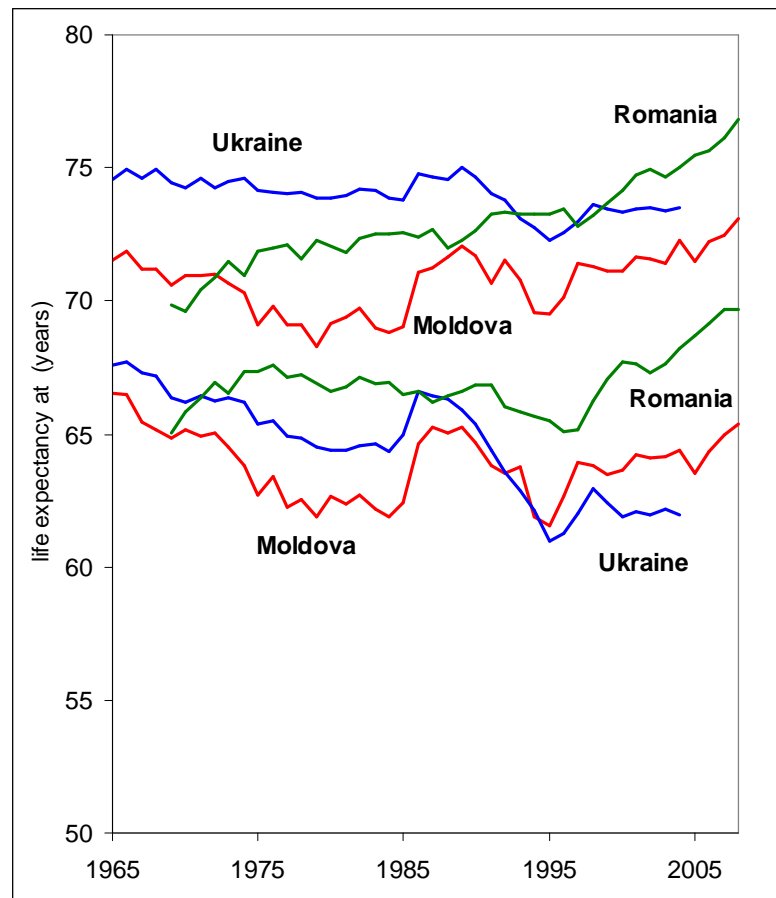
Other diseases



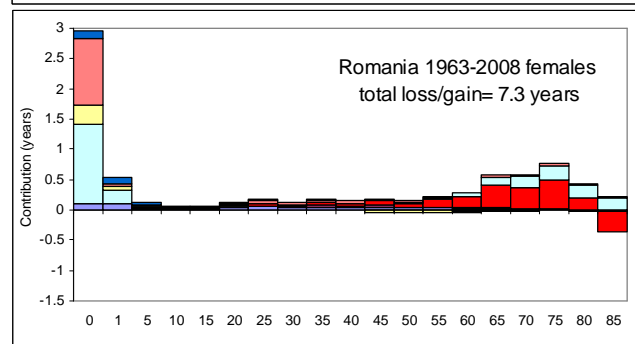
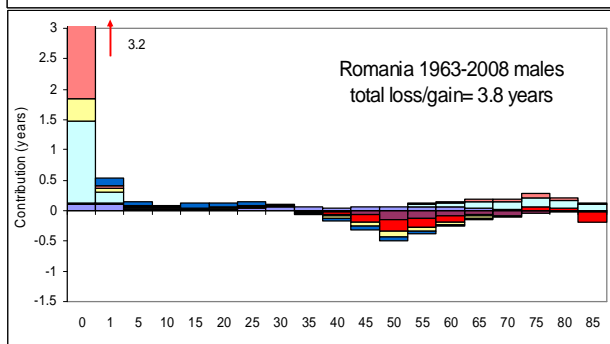
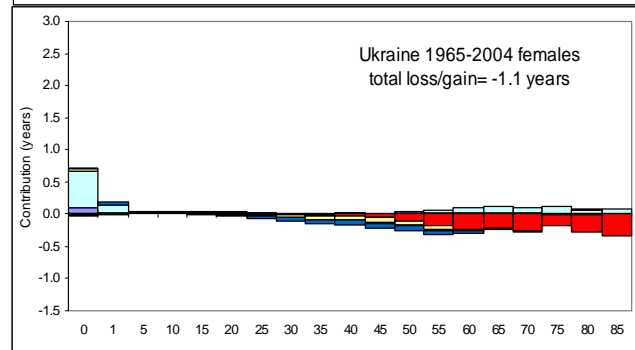
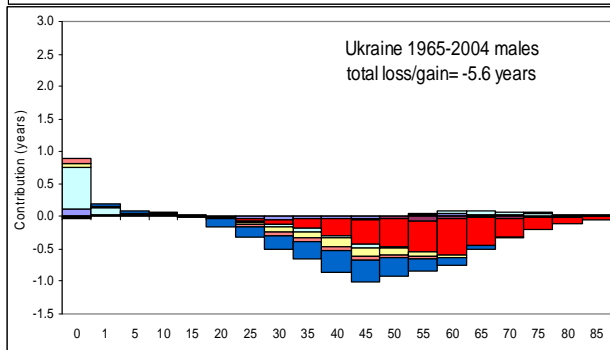
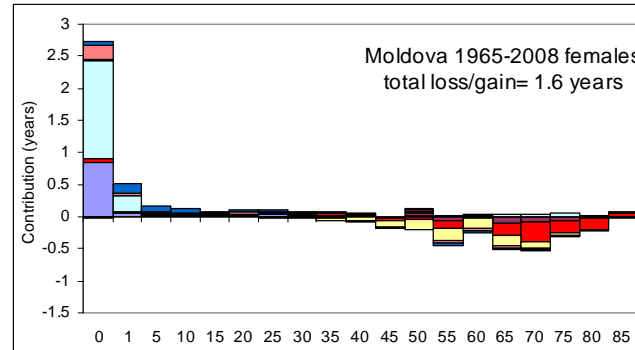
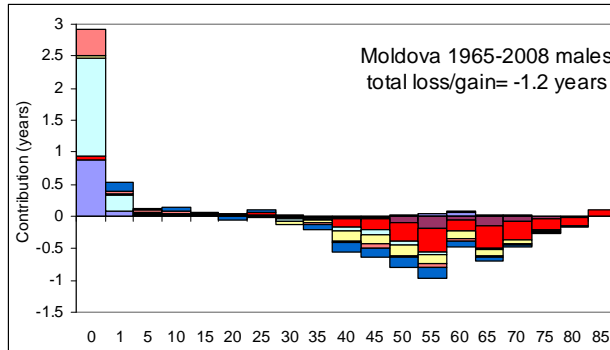


Age and cause-of death contributions to the changes in life expectancy at birth

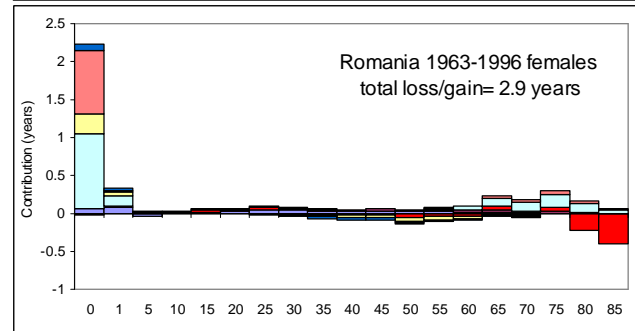
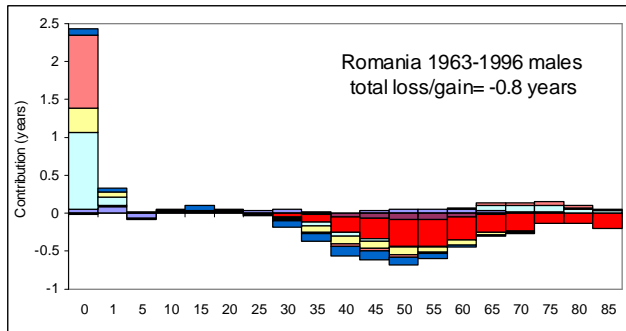
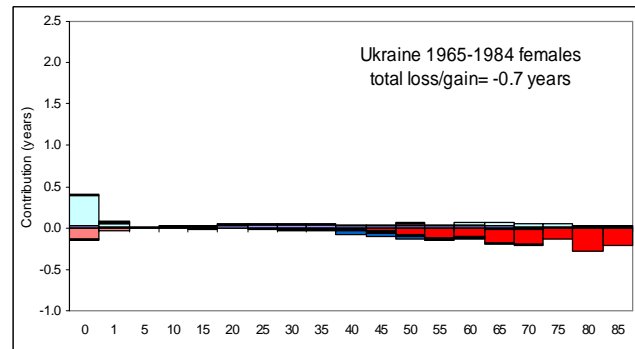
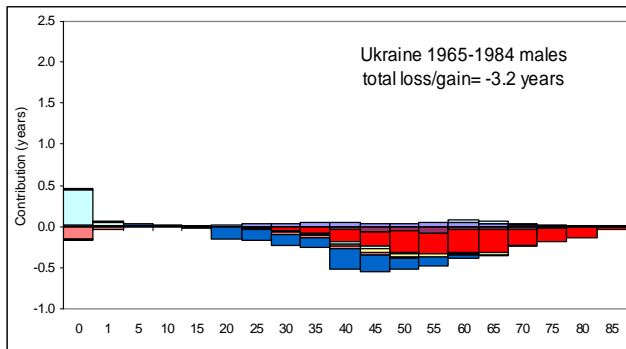
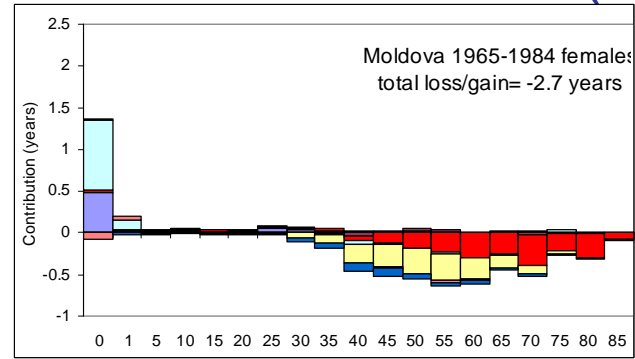
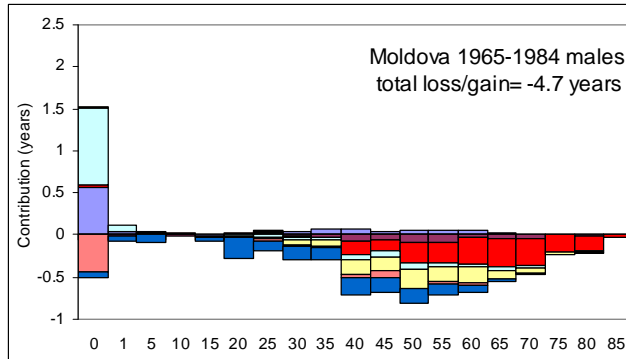
Life expectancy at birth in Moldova, Ukraine and Romania



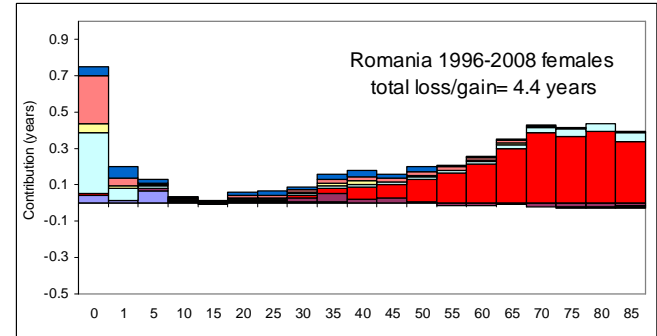
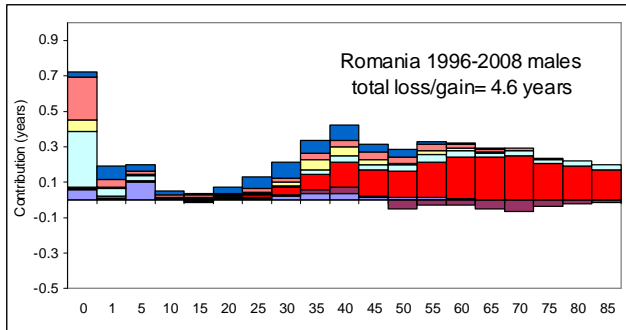
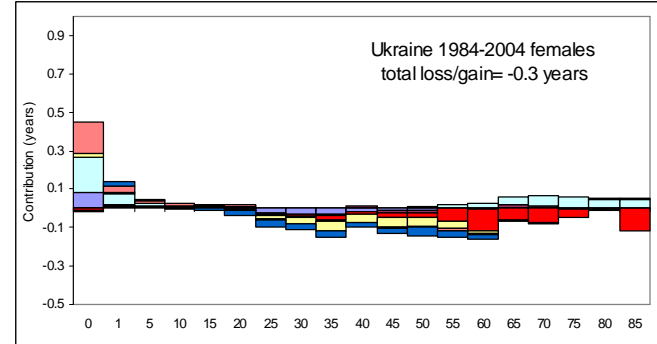
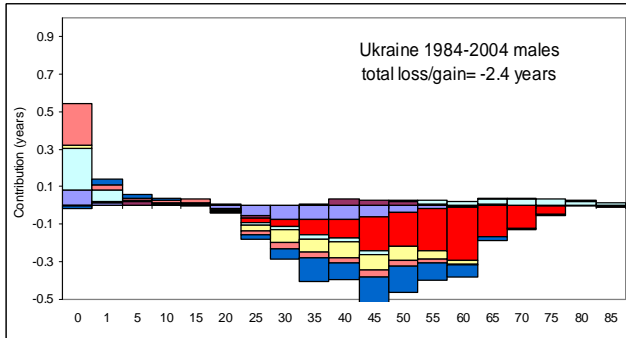
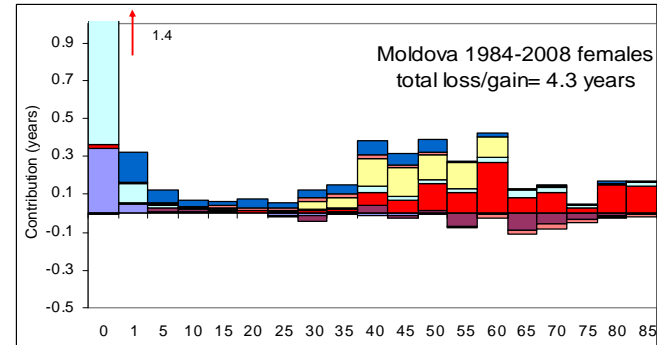
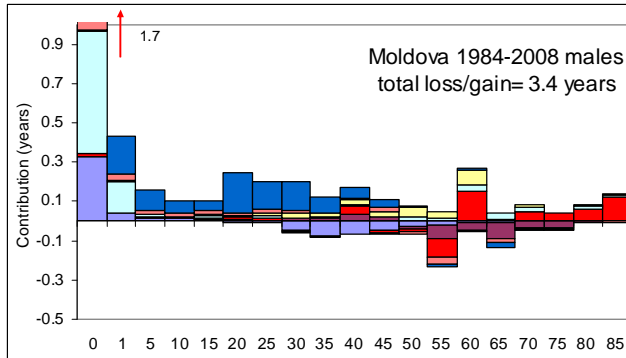
Moldova, Ukraine and Romania (1)



Moldova, Ukraine and Romania (2)



Moldova, Ukraine and Romania (3)



Moldova, Ukraine and Romania (4)

