



SUPPORT FOR EARLY DEVELOPMENT

PROBLEM

Between 2011 and 2017, Russia saw the share of special-needs preschoolers expand 1.5 times. How students perform in the first grade varies significantly across the early schooler cohort. Research has found that school failure and social maladjustment are rooted in early development problems in over 50% of cases.

SOLUTION

- CREATING A PATRONAGE FUNCTION TO SUPPORT THE DEVELOPMENT OF CHILDREN BETWEEN AGES 0 AND 3 JAND FOR SPECIAL -NEEDS CHILDREN AGED 0-6 YEARS).
- COUNSELORS AND OTHER PROFESSIONALS WILL PROVIDE FREE CONSULTATIONS TO FAMILIES OVER A RANGE OF TOPICS IN EARLY DEVELOPMENT, WHICH SHOULD ALLEVIATE DEVELOPMENTAL RISKS IN YOUNGER CHILDREN AND PERFORMANCE AT SCHOOL

OUTCOME

- PROMOTING ROBUST UPBRINGING PRACTICES, REDUCING DISABILITIES AND MENTAL DISORDERS IN YOUNGER CHILDREN, ENSURING EFFECTIVE SOCIALIZATION.
- STRONGER EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT AND HIGHER
 PROSPECTS FOR DECENT LIVING, ESPECIALLY IN DISADVANTAGED COHORTS.



SOLUTION

- MASS-DEPLOYING CUTTING-EDGE DIGITAL TEACHING & LEARNING SOLUTIONS. THIS WILL ENABLE MORE EFFECTIVE PERSONALIZED LEARNING STRATEGIES TO DELIVER THE RIGHT LESSON AT THE RIGHT TIME AND IN THE RIGHT FORMAT, WHILE ALSO FACILITATING TEACHER ROUTINES SUCH AS RECORD-KEEP-ING. CHECKING HOME ASSIGNMENTS, ETC.
- INVIGORATING EDUCATION BY INVIGORATING EDUCATION BY
 IMPLEMENTING GAME-BASED AND
 SIMULATION TOOLS AND
 TECHNIQUES. THIS WILL HELP
 BOOST STUDENT ENGAGEMENT, ADD
 HANDS-ON EXPERIENCES, AND
 BETTER NURTURE SUCH PIVOTAL
 CAPACITIES AS CRITICAL THINKING,
 ABILITY TO SEEK OUT
 OUTSIDE. THE POY SOLUTIONS OUTSIDE-THE-BOX SOLUTIONS. TEAMWORK, ETC.
- DEVELOPING DISTANCE AND HYBRID LEARNING FORMATS TO ENSURE THE FLEXIBILITY IN COURSEWORK DESIGN AND PROGRESSION (KEY SEMINARS AND EXAMS REMAIN CLASSROOM-BASED), ESPECIALLY FOR ADVANCED-STUDY SUBJECTS AND EXTRACURRICULARS.

DIGITAL **SCHOOLING**



Russia has substantially lagged behind the world's foremost economies in terms of ICT literacy of the population. Teachers spend 10-20% of their time on legacy routines (such as paper record-keeping, etc.) which can be effectively automated. Only 10% of schools have access to high-speed broadband

OUTCOME

- MARKED IMPROVEMENTS IN STUDENT MOTIVATION AND LEARNING OUTCOMES.
- ICT-ASSISTED SOLUTIONS WILL SPARE OUT TIME FOR TEACHERS TO UNLEASH THEIR CREATIVE POTENTIAL.



SOLUTION

- PROVIDING THE ENTIRE STOCK OF RUSSIAN SCHOOLS WITH HIGH-SPEED BROADBAND INTERNET ACCESS (100) MBPS BY 2020 AND 1 GBPS BY 2023), THEREBY FACILITATING THE TRANSITION TO A FULLY-FLEDGED ICT-SUPPORTED LEARNING INFRASTRUCTURE.
- CREATING L&D SETTINGS WITH MODERN LAYOUT AND FIT-OUT.
- SUPPLYING AN EXTRA 70 THOUSAND FARLY DAYCARE SLOTS ANNUALLY
- BUILDING 2,000 NEW SCHOOLS TO CUT SECOND AND THIRD STUDY SHIFTS; RENOVATING ANOTHER 5,000 SCHOOLS WITH INADEQUATE L&D
- UPDATING SCHOOL FACILITIES IN RURAL AREAS: SETTING UP INTEGRATED CULTURAL, EDUCATIONAL AND SPORTS COMPOUNDS, REPLACING / REPAIRING 12.5 THOUSAND SCHOOL BUSES.

UPGRADING SCHOOL INFRASTRUCTURE

PROBLEM

Today, 15% of Russian school students still have to study in shifts. Also, about 300 thousand early daycare slots are lacking for nursery children between 2 and 3 years of age. The K-11 educational system has been afflicted by largely archaic and underdeveloped infrastructure, which seriously impedes transitioning to best-practice learning design and instruction.

OUTCOME

- REDUCING THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS DOING SECOND AND THIRD
- DAYCARE SUPPLY SUFFICIENT TO ACCOMMODATE THE ENTIRE NURSERY-AGE COHORT.
- UP-TO-DATE FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT AT ALL SCHOOLS.



EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

PROBLEM

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MAKING SCHOOL PREP COURSES

FOR SUCH TRAINING.

UBIQUITOUSLY ACCESSIBLE BY GRANTING EDUCATION VOUCHERS TO

FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN AGED 6-7

YEARS OLD TO COVER TUITION FEES

PROVIDING TARGET SUPPORT TO DISADVANTAGED FAMILIES, INCLUDING FREE EXTRA CLASSES WITHIN THE CORE CURRICULUM, EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES, ENROLLMENT IN SUMMER SCHOOLS

AND LEADING CHILDREN'S CENTERS,

CREATING EXTRA JOBS FOR SPEECH THERAPISTS, COUNSELORS, TUTORS, ETC. IN THE MOST VULNERABLE

PROVING WELFARE ALLOWANCES OF AT LEAST 80% OF THE REGION'S MINIMUM SUBSISTENCE LEVEL TO

UNDERPRIVILEGED COLLEGE AND

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS.

Russia is starkly divided by students' school-entry ability across territories and socio-economic groups. The gap in preparedness for school between students from well-to-do and vulnerable backgrounds can reach up to 1.5 years of formal schooling. Children from major cities and highly educated families have way better prospects for life success.

OUTCOME

- IMPROVED OPPORTUNITIES FOR DECENT CAREERS AND MOBILITY ACROSS POPULATION COHORTS.
- SOCIAL COHESION AND WELFARE GAINS.





SOLUTION

- OVERHAULING THE SYSTEM OF TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION AT SCHOOLS AND VOCATIONAL COLLEGES; DEPLOYING
 CUTTING-EDGE INFRASTRUCTURE (INDUSTRY-STANDARD WORKSHOPS.
- DEPLOYING A COUNTRY-WIDE SYSTEM OF CHILDREN'S R&D PARKS AFTER THE QUANTORIUM MODEL.
- DESIGNING AND MASS-INTRODUCING DIGITAL SIMULATOR SOLUTIONS TO HELP STUDENTS BUILD A SOUND TECHNOLOGICAL EDGE IN TOP-PRIORITY FIELDS.
- . CONVERTING A THIRD OF VOCATIONAL COURSES INTO APPLIED BACHELOR'S PROGRAMS AND YET ANOTHER THIRD, INTO FAST-TRACK COURSES FOR SPECIFIC QUALIFICATIONS AT RAPID TRAINING CENTERS.

NEW TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION

PROBLEM

Russian adult population remains less effective in terms of the ability to operate in technological environments, comparing to other countries. Today, only 8.2% of middle schoolers in Russia choose to pursue the advanced study of technologyrelated fields at high school.

OUTCOME

- INCREASED INFLUX OF SKILLED TECHNOLOGY STAFF TO SPUR RUSSIA'S INDUSTRIAL UPGRADES.
- IMPROVEMENTS IN PRODUCTIVITY AND THE STANDARDS OF LIVING THANKS TO MODERN TECHNOLOGY MORE EXTENSIVELY HARNESSED ACROSS SOCIO-ECONOMIC DOMAINS.



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SOLUTION

- ALLOWING EVERY SCHOOL STUDENT TO PURSUE THE ADVANCED STUDY OF ANY SUBJECT THEY ARE KEEN ON, INCLUDING THROUGH MODERN ICT FORMATS IN COOPERATION WITH LEADING SPECIALIZED UNIVERSITIES
- CREATING 40 INTERREGIONAL GIFTED EDUCATION CENTERS AFTER THE SIRIUS MODEL TO OFFER TRAINING TO LIP TO 58 THOUSAND SCHOOLERS
- CO-FINANCING 50% OF UNIVERSITY TUITION FOR FEE-PAYING STUDENTS AND THOSE LIVING AWAY FROM HOME (PROVIDED THEY SCORED AT LEAST 80 POINTS ON THE K-11 STATE EXAM OR WON A SPECIALIZED ACADEMIC OLYMPIAD)

SUPPORTING AND DEVELOPING **TALENT**

PROBLEM

Today, the Russian system for supporting and developing talent only covers 7% of children and these directions of support correspond to only 4% positions on the labor market. A number of areas crucial to fostering socio-economic development, such as innovative R&D, the creative sector, entrepreneurship, leadership, etc., are outside the scope of the existing talent support framework.

OUTCOME

- IMPROVED HUMAN CAPITAL QUALIFICATIONS AND LABOR PAYOFF
- REDUCTION IN "BRAIN DRAIN"





SOLUTION

- CO-FINANCING A DIVERSE RANGE OF UPSKILLING AND RESKILLING OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADULTS.
- CREATING UBIQUITOUSLY ACCESSIBLE CENTERS FOR INDEPENDENT QUALIFICATION ASSESSMENT AND
- EDUCATION CENTERS IN COOPERATION WITH VOCATIONAL TRAINING, HIGHER EDUCATION AND CORPORATE L&D
- CONVERTING TRADITIONAL PART-TIME PROGRAMS INTO MODERN ONLINE
 COURSES AT VOCATIONAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.
- ESTABLISHING A UNIFIED NATIONAL ONLINE PLATFORM FOR NAVIGATING EDUCATIONAL OFFERINGS AND JOB ASSISTANCE SERVICES, INCLUDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR RETIRED INDIVIDUALS.

FOSTERING CONTINUING **LEARNING &** DEVELOPMENT

PROBLEM

Today, only 17-20% of Russians are engaged in continuing education and development, a proportion 2-3 times smaller than in Europe. Low participation in adult learning hampers productivity and welfare gains.

OUTCOME

- RAMP-UPS IN LABOR PRODUCTIVITY AND ACCELERATED ECONOMIC GROWTH.
- BETTER CAREER PROSPECTS; GAINS IN SOCIAL MOBILITY.



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SOLUTION



SOLUTION

- EMPHASIZING THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCIES AMONG STUDENTS.
- TRANSFERRING TO UNIVERSITIES THE EXISTING REGIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE FOR SUPPORTING INNOVATION (E.G., BUSINESS INCUBATORS, BUSINESS ACCELERA-TORS, INNOVATIVE R&D CENTERS, TECHNOLOGY PARKS, ETC.).
- PROVIDING FUNDING INCENTIVES TO 100 UNIVERSITIES TO SUPPORT REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS AND TO ANOTHER 25 UNIVERSITIES, TO SUPPORT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS FOR INDIVIDUAL ECONOMIC SECTORS.
- ALLOCATING 200 COMPETITIVE GRANTS TO LEADING UNIVERSITIES PARTICIPATING IN UNIVERSITY-INDUSTRY COLLABORATION

UNIVERSITIES AS INNOVATION HUBS

PROBLEM

In 29 Russian regions, universities now solely enroll applicants who score below Grade A equivalent on the K-11 state exam. Such local universities have no appeal to high-performing school graduates who favor entering the most prestigious programs by leading institutions. Furthermore, there has been only very limited cooperation between industry and academia in Russian regions.

OUTCOME

- IMPROVED MATCH BETWEEN UNIVERSITY TRAINING AND LABOR MARKET NEEDS; HIGHER GRADUATE
- UNIVERSITIES CONTRIBUTING MORE TO THE INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THEIR HOST REGIONS.







FOSTERING BASIC RESEARCH

OUTCOME

Russia currently conducts R&D in only 5% of global research frontiers (most rapidly developing fields of research) a rate 3–4 times below the respective average for the GDP neer states

SOLUTION

- EXPANDING THE GLOBAL ACADEMIC EXCELLENCE PROGRAM TO SPAN 40
- (5-10 YEARS) BASIC AND EXPLORATORY R&D PROGRAMS AT LEADING UNIVERSITIES AND CENTERS.
- CREATING ACADEMIC UNIVERSITIES THROUGH PARTNERSHIPS BETWEEN
 RESEARCH UNIVERSITIES AND
 INSTITUTES AT THE RUSSIAN ACADEMY
- PROMOTING DOCTORAL RESEARCH BY





- INFLUX OF GROUNDBREAKING R&D OUTPUTS FOR A NEW ECONOMIC MOMENTUM AND WELFARE GROWTH.

 DEPLOYING EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENTS WITH
BEST-STANDARD INFRASTRUCTURE
FOR EFFECTIVE LEARNING AND FUR EFFECTIVE LEARNING AND
RECREATION (RENOVATING AND
BUILDING NEW MODERN FACILITIES
FOR TRAINING, ACCOMMODATION,
SPORTS, ETC.; ENSURING MORE
ACADEMIC STAFF BECOME
PROFICIENT IN ENGLISH; SIMPLIFYING MIGRATORY PROCEDURES, ETC.).

SOLUTION

BOOSTING THE ENROLLMENT OF TALENTED FOREIGN STUDENTS, INCLUDING BY OFFERING GRANTS TO THOSE PURSUING MASTER'S AND DOCTORAL PROGRAMS IN

EDUCATIONAL EXPORT

Despite its significant foreign student body, which now exceeds 250 thousands, Russia has so far failed either to make any material revenues in this export niche, or to secure a sizeable influx of highly skilled international workforce. For comparison, in Australia, whose university system enrolls roughly just as many overseas students, proceeds from educational exports are 18 times those in Russia.

OUTCOME

- INCREASED SUPPLY OF QUALIFIED LABOR IN A RANGE OF AREAS.
- GROWTH IN EDUCATIONAL EXPORT







UPDATING SCHOOL

CURRICULUM &

INSTRUCTION

Confronted with this

fast-paced and disruptive

world, Russian schooling

is increasingly falling out of sync with modern learning

expectations. Between

Grades 5 and 9, the share

of motivated and engaged school students nearly halves,

which stresses the need for an all-round overhaul in instructional design and delivery.

standards and socio-economic

PROBLEM







HUMAN RESOURCES FOR EDUCATION **DEVELOPMENT**

PROBLEM

Competent and motivated human resources are an indispensable foundation for sustained education development. The modern-day teacher must be equipped with a range of faculties central to delivering effective L&D, including, among others, strong ICT literacy and the ability to design person-centric educational strategies.

 UPDATING SYLLABI AND INSTRUC-TIONAL TECHNIQUES, INCLUDING TO EFFECTIVELY NURTURE HIGHER COGNITIVE FACULTIES AND
METASUBJECT SKILLS IN YOUNGER
POPULATION COHORTS (E.G., ICT
LITERACY, MULTIFACETED CRITICAL THINKING, THE ABILITY TO LEARN IN MULTIPLE DIRECTIONS AND IN A SELF-PROPELLED FASHION, ETC.).

OUTCOME

- APPROPRIATELY SKILLED HUMAN CAPITAL; SUSTAINABLE WELFARE GROWTH.
- EMPOWERING RESILIENT,

SOLUTION

- UPSKILLING MANAGEMENT TEAMS AT ALL L&D ORGANIZATIONS ACROSS EDUCATIONAL LEVELS.
- INTRODUCING CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES ENTITLING TEACHERS TO A PAY RISE AS AN INSTRUMENT TO FOSTER TEACHER MOTIVATION FOR ONGOING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.
- UPGRADING TEACHER TRAINING PROGRAMS TO EMPHASIZE HANDS-ON COMPONENTS, AND INTRODUCING POST-DEGREE SUPPORT SYSTEMS FOR EARLY-CAREER TEACHERS.

OUTCOME

- LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS BETTER MATCHED WITH STAKEHOLDER
- . IMPROVED LEARNING OUTCOMES ACROSS EDUCATIONAL LEVELS
- HIGHER PRESTIGE AND LIVING STANDARDS OF THE TEACHING PROFESSION.



HUMAN CAPITAL

12 SOLUTIONS for New Education

Based on a joint paper by the HSE Institute of Education and the Center for Strategic Research, which puts forth a comprehensive roadmap for the development of Russian education through 2024.

